

MSKC & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

Floor 4, Duckback House
41, Shakespeare Sarani
Kolkata 700017, INDIA
Tel: +91 33 4747 5789

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Fusion CX Limited (Formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; Prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Fusion CX Limited (Formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; Prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)** (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company and its subsidiaries (Holding Company, and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025 and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2025, and of consolidated profit (including other comprehensive income), consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by Institute of Chartered Accountant of India ("ICAI"), and the relevant provisions of the Act and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in Director's Report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



Head Office: Olympia Cyberspace, 10th Floor, Module 4, 21/ 22, Alandur Road, Guindy, Chennai 600032, INDIA

Tel: +91 44 6131 0200 | LLPIN: ACK-7004

Ahmedabad | Bengaluru | Chennai | Gurugram | Hyderabad | Kolkata | Mumbai | Pune

MSKC & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Management and Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing ("SAs") will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



Head Office: Olympia Cyberspace, 10th Floor, Module 4, 21/ 22, Alandur Road, Guindy, Chennai 600032, INDIA

Tel: +91 44 6131 0200 | LLPIN: ACK-7004

Ahmedabad | Bengaluru | Chennai | Gurugram | Hyderabad | Kolkata | Mumbai | Pune

MSKC & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Other Matter

a) We did not audit the financial statements and other financial information of two (2) subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, whose financial statements and other financial information reflect Company's share of total assets of Rs. 698.48 million as at March 31, 2025 (before consolidation adjustments), Company's share of total revenue of Rs. 703.78 million (before consolidation adjustments), and Company's net cash flows of Rs. 1.23 million (before consolidation adjustments) for the year ended March 31, 2025 as considered in the financial statements of these subsidiaries. The financial statements and other financial information of these subsidiaries have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on Financial Statements of the subsidiaries referred to in the Other Matters section above we report, to the extent applicable, that;
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors except for the matters stated in paragraph 1 (h)(vi) below on reporting under the Rule 11(g) and the holding company has not maintained daily back-up of books of accounts in case of Quickbooks and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode in a server physically located in India.
 - c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies are disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.



Head Office: Olympia Cyberspace, 10th Floor, Module 4, 21/ 22, Alandur Road, Guindy, Chennai 600032, INDIA
Tel: +91 44 6131 0200 | LLPIN: ACK-7004

Ahmedabad | Bengaluru | Chennai | Gurugram | Hyderabad | Kolkata | Mumbai | Pune

MSKC & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

- f. With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- g. The reservation relating to the maintenance of Accounts and the other matters connected therewith are as stated in Paragraph 1(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 1(h)(vi) on reporting under Rule 11(g);
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group - Refer Note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.
- ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies.
- iv. a.) The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other person(s) or entities), including foreign entities with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that such parties shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

b.) The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person(s) or entities, including foreign entities with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.



MSKC & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

c.) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, and according to the information and explanations provided to us by the Management of the Holding company in this regard nothing has come to our or other auditors' notice that has caused us or other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under (1) and (2) above, contain any material mis-statement.

- v. On the basis of our verification and on consideration of the reports of the statutory auditors of subsidiaries that are Indian companies under the Act, we report that the final dividend paid by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries during the year in respect of the same declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.

The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend. (Refer Note 43 to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

- vi. Based on our examination, the Group has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account during the year ended March 31, 2025, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility at the application level and the same has been enabled. However, the database level of the said software has been managed and maintained by a third-party software service provider. In the absence of independent service auditor's report, we are unable to comment whether the audit trail feature has been enabled and operated throughout the year at database level to log any direct changes. Also, we are unable to comment as to whether there were any instances of the audit trail feature been tampered with at the database level. (Refer Note 50 to Consolidated Financial Statements)

Further, the audit trail feature which has been enabled at the application level, as stated above, has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software during the year ended March 31, 2025. Also, during the course of our examination, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, at the application level.

2. In our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Group to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act and the rules thereunder.



MSKC & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants


3. According to the information and explanations given to us, the details of Qualifications/adverse remarks made by the respective auditors of the subsidiaries, in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 (CARO) Reports issued till the date of our audit report for the companies included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Sr. No	Name of the Company	CIN	Type of Company (Holding /Subsidiary/ Associate)	Clause number of the CARO Report which is qualified or Adverse
1.	Fusion CX Limited	U72900WB2004PTC097921	Holding Company	Clause 3 (vii)(a)

For M S K C & Associates LLP (Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 0015955/S000168


Dipak Jaiswal
Partner

Membership No. 063682

UDIN: 25063682BMOTPT4651



Place: Kolkata

Date: 5th August 2025

MSKC & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF FUSION CX LIMITED (Formerly FUSION CX PRIVATE LIMITED; Prior to that XPLORE-TECH SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



Head Office: Olympia Cyberspace, 10th Floor, Module 4, 21/ 22, Alandur Road, Guindy, Chennai 600032, INDIA
Tel: +91 44 6131 0200 | LLPIN: ACK-7004

Ahmedabad | Bengaluru | Chennai | Gurugram | Hyderabad | Kolkata | Mumbai | Pune

MSKC & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)


Chartered Accountants

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

For M S K C & Associates LLP (Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)
Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 0015955/S000168



Dipak Jaiswal
Partner

Membership No. 063682

UDIN: 25063682BMOTPT4651



Place: Kolkata

Date: 5th August 2025

MSKC & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF FUSION CX LIMITED (Formerly FUSION CX PRIVATE LIMITED; Prior to that XPLORE TECH SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED)

[Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the Members of **Fusion CX Limited (Formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; Prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)** on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls reference to consolidated financial statements of **Fusion CX Limited (Formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; Prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)** (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") which includes the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company's and its subsidiary companies (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Group, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI").

Management's and Board of Director's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Management and the Board of Directors of the Group, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.



MSKC & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Group, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Group, which are companies incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.



Head Office: Olympia Cyberspace, 10th Floor, Module 4, 21/ 22, Alandur Road, Guindy, Chennai 600032, INDIA
Tel: +91 44 6131 0200 | LLPIN: ACK-7004

Ahmedabad | Bengaluru | Chennai | Gurugram | Hyderabad | Kolkata | Mumbai | Pune

MSKC & Associates LLP

(Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Other Matter

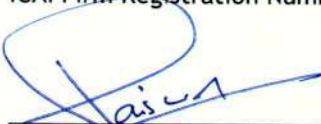
Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to two (2) subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matter.

For M S K C & Associates LLP (Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 001595S/S000168


Dipak Jaiswal
Partner

Membership No. 063682

UDIN: 25063682BMOTPT4651



Place: Kolkata

Date: 5th August 2025

Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	935.21	832.72
Right-of-use assets	5(a)	1,035.09	1,000.12
Capital work-in-progress	6	136.43	64.60
Goodwill	52	1,656.62	876.39
Other intangible assets	7	1,646.19	830.22
Intangible assets under development	8	-	124.37
Financial assets			
Investments	9	39.36	34.95
Loans	10	136.03	158.14
Other financial assets	11	213.09	133.22
Deferred tax assets (net)	35	165.66	141.26
Non-current tax assets (net)	12(a)	88.90	69.67
Other non-current assets	13	22.48	19.18
Total non-current assets		6,075.06	4,284.84
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	14	3,321.99	2,540.36
Cash and cash equivalents	15	386.12	201.05
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	16	69.30	29.96
Loans	17	344.76	14.70
Other financial assets	18	116.67	82.04
Current tax assets (net)	12(b)	11.49	75.92
Other current assets	19	380.43	451.29
Total current assets		4,630.76	3,395.32
Total Assets		10,705.82	7,680.16
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	20	126.01	126.01
Other equity	21	3,424.57	2,585.40
Total equity		3,550.58	2,711.41
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	22(a)	737.78	708.78
Lease liabilities	5(b)	750.23	750.17
Other financial liabilities	23	63.44	135.54
Provisions	24(a)	77.43	34.19
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	35	82.29	-
Total non-current liabilities		1,711.17	1,628.68
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	22(b)	2,329.50	1,397.31
Lease liabilities	5(b)	350.53	314.63
Trade payables	25		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		258.49	66.74
Total outstanding dues other than above micro enterprises and small enterprises		662.25	468.69
Other financial liabilities	26	1,208.76	595.39
Other current liabilities	27	480.71	397.12
Provisions	24(b)	10.36	5.39
Current tax liabilities (net)	28	143.47	94.80
Total current liabilities		5,444.07	3,340.07
Total liabilities		7,155.24	4,968.75
Total Equity and Liabilities		10,705.82	7,680.16

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

M S K C & Associates LLP (Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number - 001595/S000168

Dipak Jaiswal
Partner

Membership No: 063682



Place: Kolkata

Date: 05 August 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited
prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
CIN No. : U72900WB2004PLC097921

Dhanuka

Pankaj Dhanuka
Chairman and Managing Director ("CMD")
DIN: 00569195

Barun Singh

Barun Singh
Company Secretary
Membership No: A32887

Place: Kolkata

Date: 05 August 2025

Kishore Saraogi
Kishore Saraogi
Managing Director ("MD")
DIN: 00623022

Amit Sen
Amit Sen
Chief Financial Officer

Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Income			
Revenue from operations	29	13,292.96	9,913.15
Other income	30	236.24	302.13
Total Income		13,529.20	10,215.28
Expenses			
Employee benefits expenses	31	8,750.56	6,821.87
Finance costs	32	386.94	189.56
Depreciation and amortisation expense	33	824.84	489.77
Other expenses	34	2,791.98	2,347.24
Total expenses		12,754.32	9,848.44
Profit before tax		774.88	366.84
Income tax expense	35		
Current tax		79.28	66.79
Tax pertaining to earlier years		14.39	-
Deferred tax		(74.63)	(62.55)
Total tax expense		19.04	4.24
Profit for the year		755.84	362.60
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain/(loss) of net defined benefit plan	38	(8.41)	12.39
Income tax effect on above	35	2.17	(3.07)
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Foreign currency translation reserve	21	84.64	29.59
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		78.40	38.91
Total comprehensive income for the year		834.24	401.51
Earnings per equity share of 1 each (INR)	36		
- Basic (INR)		6.00	2.88
- Diluted (INR)		5.98	2.88

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

M S K C & Associates LLP (Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number - 0015955/S000168

Dipak Jaiswal
Partner
Membership No: 063682



Place: Kolkata
Date: 05 August 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited
prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
CIN No. : U72900WB2004PLC097921

Pankaj Dhanuka
Pankaj Dhanuka

Chairman and Managing Director ("CMD")
DIN: 00569195

Barun Singh
Barun Singh

Company Secretary
Membership No: A32887

Kishore Saraogi
Kishore Saraogi

Managing Director ("MD")
DIN: 00623022

Amit Soni
Amit Soni

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Kolkata
Date: 05 August 2025

Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	774.88	366.84
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	824.84	489.77
Finance costs	386.94	189.56
Interest income on:		
- Bank deposits	(4.68)	(2.51)
- Income tax refund	(1.12)	(6.92)
- Loan to related parties	(10.59)	(10.26)
- Lease Receivables	-	(0.12)
Unwinding of security deposit	(8.08)	(4.43)
Dividend income	(4.47)	(3.97)
Provision for Security Deposit	15.64	-
Share based compensation expenses	21.26	9.59
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	3.37	(19.87)
Provision for credit allowances on trade receivables	26.46	8.86
Bad debts written off	33.37	67.31
Other receivables written off	2.69	6.67
Liabilities/ provisions no longer required written back	(170.69)	(170.85)
Unrealised Foreign exchange loss / (gain) on foreign currency transactions and translation	0.46	(0.48)
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,890.28	919.19
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets		
Trade receivables	529.72	(143.82)
Other financial assets	(132.43)	(58.46)
Other current assets	332.36	(55.21)
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities		
Trade payables	(1,390.65)	(171.02)
Other financial liabilities	308.61	(18.41)
Other liabilities	(549.24)	38.70
Provisions	38.41	(39.71)
Cash generated from operations	1,027.06	471.27
Income tax paid (net)	4.34	(78.68)
Net cash flows generated from operating activities (A)	1,031.40	392.59
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant & equipment and other intangible assets (including intangible assets under development, capital work-in-progress, capital advances and capital creditors)	(315.05)	(284.44)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	8.75	26.33
Acquisition of subsidiaries	(0.32)	(492.83)
Fixed deposits with banks (net)	(36.40)	(5.27)
Loan given (net)	(307.95)	119.89
Dividend received	0.06	0.06
Lease received	-	5.26
Interest received	14.60	12.15
Net cash flows used in investing activities (B)	(636.31)	(618.85)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Dividend paid	(25.20)	(7.15)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	900.33	311.37
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(1,408.82)	(125.95)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings (net)	932.18	325.14
Payment of lease obligations	(419.09)	(252.78)
Interest paid	(246.66)	(140.16)
Net cash flows (used in) / generated from financing activities (C)	(267.26)	110.47
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	127.83	(115.79)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	201.05	305.94
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	0.98	0.81
Cash and Cash equivalents from acquisition of subsidiaries	56.26	10.09
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	386.12	201.05

Cash and cash equivalents comprises: (Refer note 15)

	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	353.51	199.99
Cash on hand	1.07	1.06
Fund in transit	31.54	-
Balances as per Statement of Cash Flows	386.12	201.05



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

Note:

(i) The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard 7 (IND AS 7), "Statement of Cash Flows" notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013.

(ii) Reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the balance sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Opening balance	3,170.89	1,965.60
Cash flows:		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	900.33	311.37
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(1,408.82)	(125.95)
Repayment of short-term borrowings (net)	932.18	325.14
Addition due business combination	537.50	243.67
Payment on leases	(419.09)	(252.78)
Non cash flows :		
Additions to lease liabilities	443.69	644.26
Unrealised gain/loss	-	2.23
Disposal during the period	(91.54)	-
Foreign currency translation reserve	21.33	7.69
Interest expenses on leases	81.57	49.66
Closing balance	4,168.04	3,170.89

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

M S K C & Associates LLP (Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number - 0015955/5000168

Dipak Jaiswal

Partner

Membership No: 063682



Place: Kolkata

Date: 05 August 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited
prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
CIN No. : U72900WB2004PLC07921

Pankaj Dhanuka
Chairman and Managing
Director ("CMD")
DIN: 00569195

Kishore Saraogi
Managing Director ("MD")
DIN: 00623022

Barun Singh
Company Secretary
Membership No: A32887

Amit Soni
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Kolkata

Date: 05 August 2025

Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplor-Tech Services Private Limited)
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

(A) Equity share capital (Refer note 20)

Particulars	No. of Shares	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2023	126,012,400	126.01
Issued during the year	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	126,012,400	126.01
Issued during the year	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025	126,012,400	126.01

(B) Other equity (Refer note 21)

Particulars	Reserve and Surplus						Total
	Retained Earnings	Securities Premium	Capital Reserve on merger	General Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Share options outstanding account	
Balance as at 1 April 2023	1,948.07	0.23	0.32	111.58	163.88	-	2,246.08
Share based payment to employees	-	-	-	-	-	9.59	9.59
Profit for the year	362.61	-	-	-	-	-	362.61
Other comprehensive income for the year	9.23	-	-	-	(29.59)	-	(20.37)
Total comprehensive income	371.93	-	-	-	(29.59)	9.59	351.93
Dividend	(12.60)	-	-	-	-	-	(12.60)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	2,327.40	0.23	0.32	111.58	136.29	9.59	2,585.41

Particulars	Reserve and Surplus						Total
	Retained Earnings	Securities Premium	Capital Reserve	General Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Share options outstanding account	
Balance as at 1 April 2024	2,327.40	0.23	0.32	111.58	136.29	9.59	2,585.41
Share based payment to employees	-	-	-	-	-	33.94	33.94
Add: Amount transferred from ESOP reserve	-	-	-	2.22	-	-	2.22
Profit for the year	755.84	-	-	-	-	-	755.84
Other comprehensive income for the year	(6.24)	-	-	-	84.04	-	77.80
Total comprehensive income	749.60	-	-	2.22	84.04	33.94	870.40
Less: Dividend	(25.20)	-	-	-	-	-	(25.20)
Less: Amount Transferred to General reserve	-	-	-	-	-	(2.32)	(2.32)
Less: Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-	-	(3.81)	(3.81)
Balance as at 31 March 2025	3,051.79	0.23	0.32	113.80	220.93	37.90	3,424.97

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date
M S K C & Associates LLP (Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number - 001997/2019-20
Pipal Jyoti
Partner
Membership No: 063582

Place: Kolkata
Date: 05 August 2025



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Fusion CX Limited (Formerly Fusion CX Private Limited
prior to that Xplor-Tech Services Private Limited)
CIN No. : U72900WB2004PLC097921

Chamulika
Chamulika
Chairman and Managing Director ("CMD")
DIN: 02561795
Banun Singh
Banun Singh
Company Secretary
Membership No: A12587

Place: Kolkata
Date: 05 August 2025

Kishore Sarangi
Kishore Sarangi
Managing Director ("MD")
DIN: 00623722
Amit Sani
Amit Sani
Chief Financial Officer

Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amounts in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

1 Corporate information

Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited) is incorporated under the provision of the Companies Act, 1956 in the year 2004 with its headquarters located in Kolkata, India. The Group is engaged in providing business process management services with a global presence. The Group has client base in several countries including US, Canada and UK.

The Company has converted itself from Private Limited to Public Limited, pursuant to a special resolution passed in the extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Company and consequently the name of the Company has changed to "Fusion CX Limited" pursuant to a fresh certificate of incorporation issued by ROC on 13 March 2025.

2 Material accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

These consolidated financial statements of the Group along with its subsidiaries ("the Group") have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

These consolidated financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 5th August 2025

The Guidance Note on Division II - Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') has been followed in so far.

(b) Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under historical cost convention, except for the following:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy on financial instruments)
- Employees Defined benefit plans are recognised at the net total of the fair value of plan assets, and the present value of the defined benefit obligation as per actuarial valuation.

(c) Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
 - Held primarily for the purpose of trading
 - Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 - Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

(d) Presentation currency and rounding off

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to nearest million, unless otherwise indicated.

(e) Going Concern

The Group has prepared the consolidated financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern.

(f) Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimate and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date, reported amount of revenue and expenses for the year and disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date.

The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon the Management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates, if any, are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected. Refer Note 3 for details on estimates and judgments.



2.2 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements relate to the Company, its Subsidiary Companies, and Step-Down subsidiaries (collectively referred herein under as the 'Group'). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

- (a) The financial statements of the Group and its subsidiary companies have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The intra-group balances and intra-group transactions and unrealized profits have been fully eliminated.
- (b) The difference between the cost of investment in the subsidiaries, over the fair value of net assets at the time of acquisition of shares in the subsidiaries is recognized in the financial statements as Goodwill.
- (c) The consolidated financial statements of the Group are presented in Indian Rupee ("₹"), which is the functional currency of the Group and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements. In case of foreign subsidiaries, being non-integral foreign operations, income and expenses are consolidated at the average rate prevailing during the year. All assets and liabilities are converted at rates prevailing at the end of the year. Any exchange difference arising on consolidation is recognized in the Foreign Currency Translation Reserve.
- (d) The consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented in the same manner as the Company's separate financial statements.
- (e) For list of subsidiary companies which are considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements refer note 53.

2.3 Summary of material accounting policies

(a) Property, plant, and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, are stated at historical cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recovered from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance of revenue nature are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss during the reporting year in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. If an impairment loss is determined, the remaining useful life of the asset is also subject to adjustment. If the reasons for previously recognised impairment losses no longer exists, such impairment losses are reversed and recognised in income. Such reversal shall not cause the carrying amount to exceed the amount that would have resulted had no impairment taken place during the preceding periods.

Property, plant and equipment not ready for the intended use on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress". Such items are classified to the appropriate category of Property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Advances given towards acquisition/construction of Property, plant and equipment outstanding at each Balance Sheet date are disclosed as Capital Advances under "Other non-current assets".

Depreciation method, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation is provided for property, plant and equipment on a straight-line basis so as to expense the cost less residual value over their estimated useful lives as prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The estimated useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any change in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Depreciation on sale/disposal of property plant and equipment is provided up to the date preceding the date of sale/disposal as the case may be. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the sale proceeds with carrying amount and accordingly recorded in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the reporting year in which they are sold/disposed.

The estimated useful lives are as mentioned below

Asset	Useful life
Building	30 years
Computer and Servers	3 - 6 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Office equipment	5 years
Plant and equipment	15 years
Leasehold improvement	3 years/(actual lease term)
Vehicle	8 years
Electrical installations	10 years

(b) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. The useful lives of all the intangible assets of the Group are assessed as finite.

Particulars	Useful life
Customer List	5 years
Computer Software	3 - 5 years

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

An intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal (i.e., at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising upon derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.



2.3 Summary of material accounting policies (cont'd)

(c) Leases

Identifying leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is or contains a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Lease contracts entered by the Group majorly pertains for premises and equipment taken on lease to conduct its business in the ordinary course.

Group as a lessee

On 1 April, 2022, the Group had adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" using the modified retrospective approach by applying the standard to all leases existing at the date of initial application. The Group also elected to use the recognition exemption for lease contracts that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of twelve months or less and do not contain a purchase option ("short-term leases") and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low value ("low value assets"). The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in section 2.3(d) "Impairment of non-financial assets".

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(d) Impairment of non financial assets

The Group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budgets/forecasts, the Group extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the products, industries, or country or countries in which the Group operates, or for the market in which the asset is used.

Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

(e) Investments in subsidiaries

Investments which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. Investments are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

On initial recognition, all investments are measured at cost. The cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties. If an investment is acquired, or partly acquired, by the issue of shares or other securities, the acquisition cost is the fair value of the securities issued. If an investment is acquired in exchange of another asset, the acquisition is determined by reference to the fair value of the asset given up or by reference to the fair value of the investment acquired, whichever is more clearly evident.



2.3 Summary of material accounting policies (cont'd)

(e) Investments in subsidiaries (cont'd)

Current investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of the investments.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Classification in the financial statements

Investments that are realizable within the period of twelve months from the balance sheet date are classified as current investment. All other investments are classified as non-current investments.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(g) Share Capital

Financial instruments issued by the Group are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Group's ordinary shares are classified as equity instruments.

(h) Financial assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, financial asset is measured at its fair value plus the transaction cost directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset in the case of a financial asset measured not at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- a) at amortized cost; or
- b) at fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- c) at fair value through profit or loss.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

The Group does not hold any Financial assets classified at fair value through other comprehensive income; or at fair value through profit or loss. Accordingly, the Group holds only financial assets measured at amortised cost, therefore accounting policy of financial assets classified at amortised cost stated below:

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the Statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments", the Group applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

a) Trade receivables:

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

b) Other financial assets:

For recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent years, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 month ECL.

Lifetime ECL is the expected credit loss resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12 month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after year end.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate (EIR). When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as income/expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. For financial assets measured at amortised cost, ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the Balance Sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Group does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.



2.3 Summary of material accounting policies (cont'd)

(iv) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when:

- a) the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred or expired.
- b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to one or more recipients.

Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is derecognised only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the financial asset is neither transferred, nor the entity retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, then in that case financial asset is derecognised only if the Group has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Group retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

(i) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

An instruments issued by a Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments. Dividend paid on equity instruments are directly reduced from equity.

Financial liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or at amortized cost, as appropriate. All financial liabilities being loans, borrowings and payables are recognised net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

The Group does not owe any financial liability which is either classified or designated at fair value through profit or loss. Accordingly, the Group holds only financial liabilities designated at amortised cost, therefore accounting policy of financial liabilities classified at amortised cost stated below:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

All the financial liabilities of the Group are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance costs.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the assets and settle liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

Financial instruments issued by the Group are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Group's ordinary shares are classified as equity instruments.

(j) Fair value measurement

A number of assets and liabilities included in the Company's financial statements require measurement at, and/or disclosure of, fair value.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability accessible to the Company.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 – Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable



2.3 Summary of material accounting policies (cont'd)

(k) Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that probability will not require an outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made. Contingent assets are neither recorded nor disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

(l) Revenue from contract with customers

Revenue is recognized to the extent, that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Revenue from services

The Group's revenue from Business Process Management is recognized on an accrual basis in terms of agreement with the customer(s), when there is no uncertainty as to the measurement and collectability of consideration. In case of uncertainty, revenue recognition is postponed until the same is resolved. Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Group expects to receive in exchange for those services. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price (which is the consideration, adjusted to discounts, incentives and returns, etc., if any) that is allocated to that performance obligation. These are generally accounted for as variable consideration estimated in the same period the related sales occur. The revenue is recognized net of Goods and service tax.

Other Income

Interest Income from Bank Deposits

Interest income is accrued on a time proportion basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate.

Dividend Income

Dividend is recognized when the Group's right to receive dividend is established.

(m) Earning per Share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to equity holders of the Group (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the Group and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(n) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the year in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the year and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Group in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan where the Company's legal or constructive obligation is limited to the amount that it contributes to a separate legal entity. The Group makes specified monthly contributions towards Government administered provident fund scheme and Employees' State Insurance ('ESI') scheme. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as an employee benefits expense in statement of profit and loss in the period in which the related services are rendered by employees.

Defined Benefit Plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefits that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in OCI. They are included in retained earnings in the Statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet. The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. This rate is applied on the net defined benefit liability (asset), both as determined at the start of the annual reporting period, taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss. Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

Compensated absence - Encashable

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave that are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months are measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the discount rates for Government Bonds at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurement as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The liabilities for earned leave that are expected to be settled within 12 months are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.



2.3 Summary of material accounting policies (cont'd)

Share based payments

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees via the "Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2023" (ESOP scheme). The fair value of options granted under the ESOP scheme is recognised as an employee benefits expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted

- including the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (e.g. profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period), and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (e.g. the requirement for employees to serve or hold shares for a specific period of time).

The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

(o) Taxes

Tax expense for the period comprises of current tax, deferred tax and Minimum alternate tax credit (Wherever applicable).

Provision for current tax is made on the basis of estimated taxable income for the current accounting year in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961.

The deferred tax for timing differences between the book and tax profits for the year is accounted for, using the tax rates and laws that have been substantively enacted as of the reporting date.

Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and unutilised business loss and depreciation carry-forwards and tax credits. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are computed separately for each taxable entity. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forwards and unused tax credits could be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured based on the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax loss carry forwards can be utilised.

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, issued an amendment to Ind AS 12 Income Taxes related Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction such as leases and decommissioning obligations. This amendment is effective from the beginning of comparative period presented i.e. April 1, 2022. There is a change in Deferred tax component disclosure from net to gross for right to use assets and lease liabilities for the Company. There is no impact on opening retained earnings or Profit and loss for the period year March 31, 2024.

At each reporting date, the Group reassesses the unrecognized deferred tax assets, if any.

(p) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalized. All other borrowing costs are recognised as expenditure in the period in which they are incurred.

(q) Segment Reporting

The Group's business is providing business process management services, in the territory outside of India, to entities that outsource their business processes and as such, in the opinion of the Management there being a single business segment. The analysis of the geographical segment is based on areas in which customers of the Group are located.

(r) Business Combination

Acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in each business combination is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition related costs are recognised in the special purpose Ind AS interim consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognised as an asset and measured at cost, being the excess of the consideration transferred in the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and contingent liabilities recognised, as applicable. Where the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the cost of acquisition, after re-assessing the fair values of the net assets and contingent liabilities, the excess is recognised as capital reserve on consolidation.

(s) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (CGUs) or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit's value may be impaired. The recoverable amount of the CGU is higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

The financial projections basis which the future cashflows are estimated consider economic uncertainties, assessment of discount rates, revisiting the growth rates factored while arriving at terminal value and subjecting these variables to sensitivity analysis. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying value of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying value of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit in proportion to the carrying value of each asset in the unit.



3 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the year end date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

(a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

As described in the material accounting policies, the Group reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. Useful lives of intangible assets is determined on the basis of estimated benefits to be derived from use of such intangible assets. These reassessments may result in change in the depreciation /amortization expense in future periods.

(b) Actuarial Valuation

The determination of Group's liability towards defined benefit obligation to employees is made through independent actuarial valuation including determination of amounts to be recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and in Other Comprehensive Income. Such valuation depend upon assumptions determined after taking into account discount rate, salary growth rate, expected rate of return, mortality and attrition rate. Information about such valuation is provided in notes to the consolidated financial statements.

(c) Impairment of non-financial assets

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash-generating units based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate.

(d) Contingencies

The Group uses significant judgements to assess contingent liabilities. Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past event where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be utilised to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the special purpose Ind AS interim consolidated financial statements.

(e) Provisions

Provisions are recognised in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events that can reasonably be estimated. The timing of recognition requires application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances which may be subject to change. The litigations and claims to which the Group is exposed are assessed by management and in certain cases with the support of external specialised lawyers.

(f) Income taxes

Management judgment is required for the calculation of provision for income taxes and deferred tax assets and liabilities. The Group reviews at each balance sheet date the carrying amount of deferred tax assets. The factors used in estimates may differ from actual outcome which could lead to significant adjustment to the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements.

(g) Leases

The Group as lessee

The Group evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgement. The Group uses significant judgement in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate. The Group determines the lease term as the non cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Group revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease. The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

The Group as lessor

Operating lease - Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the special purpose consolidated statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset is diminished. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying value of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Finance lease - When assets are leased out under a finance lease, the present value of minimum lease payments is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method before tax, which reflects a constant periodic rate of return. Such rate is the interest rate which is implicit in the lease contract.

Allocation of consideration over the fair value of assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination

Assets and liabilities acquired pursuant to business combination are stated at the fair values determined as of the date of acquisition. The carrying values of assets acquired are determined based on estimate of a valuation carried out by independent professional valuers appointed by the Group. The values have been assessed based on the technical estimates of useful lives of tangible assets and benefits expected from the use of intangible assets. Other assets and liabilities were recorded at values that were expected to be realised or settled respectively.



3.1 New and Amended standards

(a) Ind AS 117, Insurance Contracts

The Ministry of corporate Affairs ("MCA") notified the Ind AS 117, Insurance Contracts, under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2024, which is effective from annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2024.

Ind AS 117 Insurance Contracts is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Ind AS 117 replaces Ind AS 104 Insurance Contracts. Ind AS 117 applies to all types of insurance contracts, regardless of the type of entities that issue them as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features; a few scope exceptions will apply.

The application of Ind AS 117 had no impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements as the Group has not entered any contracts in the nature of insurance contracts covered under Ind AS 117.

(b) Ind AS 116, Leases

The MCA notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2024, which amended Ind AS 116, Leases, with respect to lease liability in a sale and leaseback transaction.

The amendment specifies the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction, to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2024 and must be applied retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of Ind AS 116.

These amendments do not have any material impact on the amount recognised in these consolidated financial statements.

3.2 Standards Notified but not yet effective

(a) Ind AS 21, Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates

The MCA notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2025, which amended Ind AS 21, Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, with respect to currency exchangeability and estimating exchange rates when a currency is not readily exchangeable.

These amendments aim to provide clearer guidance on assessing currency exchangeability and estimating exchange rates when currencies are not readily exchangeable. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 April 2025.

The Group is currently assessing the probable impact of these amendments on its consolidated financial statements.

(b) Amendment to Ind AS 1- Disclosure of accounting policies.

The amendments aim to clarify the below:

(a) The entity's right to defer settlement of a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period must have substance and must exist at the end of the reporting period;

(b) If an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to covenants, such covenants affect whether that right exists at the end of the reporting period only if entity is required to comply with the covenant on or before the end of the reporting period.

(c) The classification of a liability as current or non current is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement;

(d) In case of a liability that can be settled, at the option of the counterparty, by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, such settlement terms do not.

These amendments have no effect on the measurement of any items in the consolidated financial statements.



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amount are in INR Millions, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Freehold Land	Building	Leasehold land	Plant and equipment	Office equipment	Electrical installations	Computers & Servers	Furniture and fixture	Leasehold Improvements	Vehicles	Total
Gross carrying amount											
Balance as at 1 April 2023	-	93.75	5.05	3.87	160.46	9.09	457.48	82.64	132.69	17.03	962.06
Additions	2.66	11.80	-	0.83	12.00	0.66	61.29	10.04	15.14	1.49	115.91
Acquisition through business combination	-	-	-	-	0.67	-	76.54	33.00	31.84	12.75	154.80
Disposals	2.66	3.42	-	-	-	-	8.94	-	-	-	15.02
Translation exchange difference	-	1.29	-	0.03	1.10	(0.04)	3.26	1.95	1.71	0.03	9.33
Balance as at 31 March 2024	-	103.42	5.05	4.73	174.23	9.71	589.63	127.63	181.38	31.30	1,227.08
Additions	-	-	-	0.08	19.10	0.64	43.80	44.45	127.27	5.88	241.22
Acquisition through business combination	-	-	-	-	1.67	-	87.68	11.31	32.40	-	133.06
Disposals	-	-	-	-	0.10	-	5.38	2.08	0.72	7.87	16.15
Translation exchange difference	-	2.50	-	0.07	1.82	0.08	13.31	4.92	5.50	1.27	29.47
Balance as at 31 March 2025	-	105.92	5.05	4.88	196.72	10.43	729.04	186.23	345.83	30.58	1,614.68
Accumulated depreciation											
Balance as at 1 April 2023	-	4.20	0.05	0.22	92.51	1.05	98.25	11.17	51.16	2.35	220.96
Charge during the year	-	4.79	0.06	0.47	24.19	1.33	120.32	11.37	16.06	2.65	181.24
Disposals	-	0.06	-	-	-	-	8.50	-	-	-	8.56
Translation exchange difference	-	0.03	-	0.00	0.07	(0.00)	0.44	0.11	0.06	0.01	0.72
Balance as at 31 March 2024	-	8.96	0.11	0.69	76.77	2.38	210.51	22.65	67.28	5.01	394.36
Charge during the year	-	30.72	0.05	0.38	33.93	1.31	130.74	22.16	55.08	4.45	278.82
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.38	0.42	-	3.23	5.03
Translation exchange difference	-	0.63	-	0.01	0.71	0.03	5.49	2.04	1.78	0.63	11.32
Balance as at 31 March 2025	-	40.31	0.16	1.08	111.41	3.72	345.36	46.43	124.14	6.86	679.47
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	-	94.46	4.94	4.04	97.46	7.33	379.12	104.98	114.10	26.29	832.72
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	-	65.61	4.89	3.80	85.31	6.71	383.68	139.80	221.69	23.72	935.21

Notes:

(a) For charge created on property plant and equipments of the Group. (Refer note 22)

(b) Refer Note 37 for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(Amount in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

5 Right to use and Lease Liabilities

The Company has leasing arrangements for a number of properties in the jurisdictions from which it operates. In some jurisdictions it is customary for lease contracts to provide for payments to increase each year by inflation and in others to be reset periodically to market rental rates. In some jurisdictions, for property leases the periodic rent is fixed over the lease term. These leases have terms ranging from two to ten years. The Company applies the recognition exemptions relating to short-term leases and lease of low-value assets for these leases.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 is 10%.

(a) Right-of-use asset

Particulars	Buildings
Gross carrying amount	
Balance as at 01 April 2023	780.95
Acquisition through business combinations	317.96
Additions	305.63
Disposal	-
Translation Exchange Difference	12.48
Balance as at 31 March 2024	1,417.02
Acquisition through business combinations	307.60
Additions	145.43
Disposal	312.59
Translation Exchange Difference	32.13
Balance as at 31 March 2025	1,589.59
Accumulated depreciation	
Balance as at 01 April 2023	190.22
Charge for the year	221.60
Disposal	-
Translation Exchange Difference	5.08
Balance as at 31 March 2024	416.90
Charge for the year	353.84
Disposal	231.78
Translation Exchange Difference	15.54
Balance as at 31 March 2025	554.50
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	1,035.09
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	1,000.12

(b) Lease liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Balance of lease liabilities at the beginning of the year		
On adoption of Ind AS 116	1,064.80	615.97
Add: Additions during the year	143.56	644.26
Add: Acquisition through business combination	300.13	-
Less: Disposal during the year	(91.54)	-
Add: Interest on lease liabilities	81.57	49.66
Less: Lease payments	(419.09)	(252.78)
Add: Translation difference	21.33	7.69
Balance of lease liabilities at the end of the year	1,100.76	1,064.80
Current portion of lease liabilities	350.53	314.63
Non-current portion of lease liabilities	750.23	750.17

(c) Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss

The Statement of profit or loss shows the following amounts relating to leases:

Particulars	Refer note	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Interest expense (included in finance costs)	32	81.57	49.66
Depreciation charge on right-of-use assets	33	353.84	221.60
Expense relating to short-term leases variable, payment not included in lease liabilities	34	279.01	230.54

(d) Amounts recognised in the Statement of cash flows

The statement of cash flows show the following amounts relating to leases:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Payment of lease liabilities	(419.09)	(252.78)

Refer note 39 for related party transaction pertaining to right of use asset and lease liability.

6 Capital work-in-progress

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Opening balance	64.60	47.25
Add: Addition during the year	71.83	17.35
Less: Capitalisation during the year	-	-
Closing balance	136.43	64.60

(a) Ageing of capital work-in-progress

Particulars	Amounts in capital work-in-progress for				Total
	Less than one year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
31 March 2025	71.83	17.35	30.94	16.31	136.43
31 March 2024	17.35	30.94	14.82	1.49	64.60

(b) There are no projects where completion is overdue or costs have exceeded the original plan or where activity has been suspended.

(c) Capital work in progress includes borrowing cost of INR 0.41 Million (31 March 2024: INR 3.88 Million). Borrowing cost is capitalized @9.7% p.a (31st March 2024: 9.7% p.a.)



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amount are in INR Millon's, unless otherwise stated)

7 Other intangible assets

Particulars	Computer software	Customer List	Other intangibles	Total
Gross carrying amount				
Balance as at 1 April 2023	100.08	341.92	122.16	564.16
Acquisition through business combination	110.19	442.60	-	552.79
Additions	3.37	-	3.84	7.21
Disposals	-	-	53.09	53.09
Translation exchange difference	0.39	4.21	-	4.60
Balance as at 31 March 2024	214.03	788.73	72.91	1,075.67
Gross carrying amount				
Balance as at 1 April 2024	214.03	788.73	72.91	1,075.67
Acquisition through business combination	0.67	850.78	-	851.45
Additions	127.99	-	-	127.99
Disposals	1.61	-	-	1.61
Translation exchange difference	1.42	30.65	-	32.07
Balance as at 31 March 2025	342.50	1,670.16	72.90	2,085.57
Accumulated amortisation				
Balance as at 1 April 2023	87.01	65.95	9.67	162.63
Charge during the year	12.31	65.05	9.57	86.93
Disposals	-	-	4.84	4.84
Translation exchange difference	0.05	0.68	-	0.73
Balance as at 31 March 2024	99.37	131.68	14.40	245.45
Balance as at 1 April 2024	99.37	131.68	14.40	245.45
Charge during the year	49.09	135.27	7.81	192.17
Disposals	0.60	-	-	0.60
Translation exchange difference	(1.77)	4.13	-	2.36
Balance as at 31 March 2025	146.09	271.08	22.21	439.38
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	114.66	657.05	58.51	830.22
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	196.41	1,399.08	50.70	1,646.19

8 Intangible Assets Under development

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Opening balance	124.37	-
Add: Addition during the year	-	124.37
Less: Capitalisation during the year	124.37	-
Closing balance	-	124.37

(a) Ageing of Intangible Assets under development

Particulars	Amounts in intangible assets under development for				
	Less than one year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
31 March 2025	-	-	-	-	-
31 March 2024	124.37	-	-	-	124.37



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

9 Investments (Non Current)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Others - Preference share (Fully paid up) (Unquoted)		
1% Cumulative and Redeemable preference shares		
550,000 shares (31 March 2024: 550,000 shares) Window Technologies Private Limited (Face value INR 10 each)	39.36	34.95
Total	39.36	34.95
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments before impairment	39.36	34.95
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	-	-

10 Loans (Non current)

Particulars	Terms of repayment	Interest rate	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Unsecured, considered good				
Loans to related parties (Refer note 39)	3 years	8.00%	135.11	158.14
Loan to Employee			0.92	-
Total			136.03	158.14

Notes:

- a) There are no loans receivables which are credit impaired or which have a significant increase in credit risk based on the information available with the group.
b) The fair value of current loans are not materially different from the carrying value presented.
c) All the above loans have been given for business purposes.
d) Break up of loan details:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Loans considered good - secured	-	-
Loans considered good - unsecured	136.03	158.14
Loans which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Loans - credit impaired	-	-
Total	136.03	158.14
Loss allowance	-	-
Total	136.03	158.14

11 Other non current financial assets

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposits (Refer note (a) below)	205.69	129.38
Bank deposit with maturity for more than 12 months (Refer note (b) below)	7.40	3.84
Total	213.09	133.22

Notes:

- (a) Security deposits includes amount of INR 40.21 Million as on 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: INR 36.38 Million) paid to Window Technologies Private Limited, (Related Party) against property taken on lease, situated at Plot Y9, Block EP, Sector V, Salt Lake, Kolkata 700091.
(b) Refer note 22 for charge created on bank deposits made by the group.

12 Tax Assets (net)

(a) Non-current tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Advance tax and tax deducted at sources (net of provision)	88.90	69.67
Total	88.90	69.67

(b) Current tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Advance tax and tax deducted at sources (net of provision)	11.49	75.92
Total	11.49	75.92



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

13 Other non current assets

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Capital advances	14.59	5.58
Balance with government authorities	3.00	2.57
Prepaid expenses	4.89	11.03
Total	22.48	19.18

14 Trade receivables

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Trade receivables considered good - secured	-	-
Trade receivables considered good - unsecured	3,321.98	2,733.64
Trade receivables - credit impaired	265.20	45.45
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(265.19)	(238.73)
Total	3,321.99	2,540.36
Further classified as:		
Receivable from related parties (Refer note 39)	0.05	-
Receivable from others (net)	3,321.94	2,540.36
Total	3,321.99	2,540.36

Refer Note 42 for information about the Group's exposure to financial risks and fair values.

31 March 2025	Current						
	Unbilled dues	Outstanding for following periods from date of invoice					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables							
- considered good	681.13	2,248.30	22.69	32.81	4.87	0.83	2,990.63
- which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired	-	7.14	12.10	86.09	18.65	39.55	163.53
Disputed trade receivables							
- considered good	-	-	-	325.38	5.98	-	331.36
- which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired	-	-	12.05	82.39	6.96	0.26	101.66
Subtotal	681.13	2,255.44	46.84	526.67	36.46	40.64	3,587.18
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	-	7.14	24.15	168.48	25.61	39.81	265.19
Total	681.13	2,248.30	22.69	358.19	10.85	0.83	3,321.99

31 March 2024	Current						
	Unbilled dues	Outstanding for following periods from date of invoice					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables							
- considered good	434.36	1,608.90	397.63	50.16	30.21	0.05	2,521.31
- which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired	-	9.71	32.12	1.38	0.15	1.16	44.52
Disputed trade receivables							
- considered good	-	13.61	62.17	71.98	57.24	7.33	212.33
- which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	0.93	0.93
Subtotal	434.36	1,632.22	491.92	123.52	87.60	9.47	2,779.09
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	-	23.31	94.30	63.52	48.18	9.42	238.73
Total	434.36	1,608.91	397.62	60.00	39.42	0.05	2,540.36

15 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	353.51	199.99
Cash on hand	1.07	1.06
Fund in Transit	31.54	-
Total	386.12	201.05



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

16 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Bank balance held on Behalf of Clients	-	5.84
Bank deposits having original maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months (Refer note below)	69.30	24.12
Total	69.30	29.96

Note: Refer note 22 for charge created on deposits made by the group.

17 Loans (Current)

	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Unsecured, considered good		
Loans to employees	31.45	14.70
Loan to related parties	313.31	-
Total	344.76	14.70

Notes:

a) There are no loans receivables which are credit impaired or which have a significant increase in credit risk based on the information available with the group.

b) The fair value of current loans are not materially different from the carrying value presented.

c) Break up of loan details:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Loans considered good - secured	-	-
Loans considered good - unsecured	344.76	14.70
Loans which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Loans - credit impaired	-	-
Total	344.76	14.70
Loss allowance	-	-
Total	344.76	14.70

18 Other current financial assets

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Unsecured considered good		
Security deposits	89.46	49.40
Provision for Security Deposits	(15.61)	-
Accrued interest	2.08	1.40
Insurance claim receivable	-	27.95
Others (Refer note 39)	40.74	3.29
Total	116.67	82.04

19 Other current assets

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Advance to vendors	25.79	31.45
Prepaid expenses	102.58	77.15
Balances with government authorities	129.60	333.36
Other receivables	122.46	9.33
Total	380.43	451.29



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

20 Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Authorised share capital		
Equity Shares		
200,000,000 equity share of INR 1 each (31 March 2024: 200,000,000 equity share of INR 1 each)	200.00	200.00
	200.00	200.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up		
Equity Shares		
126,012,400 equity share of INR 1 each fully paid (31 March 2024: 126,012,400 equity share of INR 1 each fully paid)	126.01	126.01
Total	126.01	126.01

(A) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	126,012,400	126.01	126,012,400	126.01
Add: Adjusted number of shares on account of sub-division of equity share (Refer note below)	-	-	-	-
Add: Bonus shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	126,012,400	126.01	126,012,400	126.01

(B) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 1 per share. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.
In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(C) Details of shares held by the holding company, the ultimate holding company, their subsidiaries and associates

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
P N S Business Private Limited	64.29	64.29
64,289,000 equity shares of INR 1 each (31 March 2024: 64,289,400 equity shares of INR 1 each), fully paid up	64.29	64.29

(D) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Name of shareholder	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding
P N S Business Private Limited	64,289,000	51.02%	64,289,400	51.02%
Rasish Consultants Private Limited	60,815,800	48.26%	60,815,800	48.26%

(E) Details of Equity shares held by Promoters at the end of the year

Promoter name	As at 31st March 2025			As at 31st March 2024	
	No. of shares	% holding	% change during the year	No. of shares	% holding
P N S Business Private Limited	64,289,000	51.02%	0.00	64,289,400	51.02%
Rasish Consultants Private Limited	60,815,800	48.26%	-	60,815,800	48.26%

(F) Equity share reserved for issue under options

Information relating to Employee Stock options issued, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and options outstanding at the end of the reporting period, is set out in Note 45.

(G) Aggregate no of equity shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of 5 years immediately preceding the reporting date.

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Aggregate no of equity shares issued as bonus shares	-	94,509,300	-	-	-

(H) No class of shares have been bought back by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplora-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

21 Other equity

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Retained earnings	3,051.79	2,327.39
Securities premium	0.23	0.23
Capital Reserve	0.32	0.32
Foreign currency translation reserve	220.93	136.29
General reserve	113.80	111.58
Share options outstanding account	37.50	9.59
Total	3,424.57	2,585.40

(A) Retained earnings

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Opening balance	2,327.39	1,968.06
Add: Profit for the year	755.84	362.61
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year	(6.24)	9.32
Less: Dividend paid	(25.20)	(12.60)
Closing balance	3,051.79	2,327.39

(B) Securities premium

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Closing balance	0.23	0.23
Total	0.23	0.23

(C) Capital reserve

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Closing balance	0.32	0.32
Total	0.32	0.32

(D) Foreign currency translation reserve

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Opening balance	136.29	165.88
Add: Movement during the year	84.64	(29.59)
Total	220.93	136.29

(E) General reserve

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Opening balance	111.58	111.58
Add: Amount transferred from ESOP reserve	2.22	-
Total	113.80	111.58

(F) Share options outstanding account

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Opening balance	9.59	-
Add: Shared based payments to employees during the year	33.94	9.59
Less: Amount transferred to General reserve	(2.22)	-
Less: Forfeited during the year	(3.81)	-
Total	37.50	9.59

Nature and purpose of other reserves

Retained earnings	Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders. Retained earnings includes re-measurement loss / (gain) on defined benefit plans, net of taxes that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss. Retained earnings is a free reserve available to the Company.
Securities premium	Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
Capital reserve	Reserve aroused in earlier years.
General reserve	Represents transfer portion of the net profit pursuant to the earlier provisions of Companies Act, 1956. Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under the Companies Act, 2013.
Share options outstanding account	The Company has stock options schemes under which options to subscribe for the Company's shares have been granted to management personal. ESOP reserve is used to recognise the value of equity-settled share based payments provided remunerations.
Foreign currency translation reserve	Exchange differences arising on translation of assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the Group's foreign subsidiaries are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in foreign currency translation reserve. The amounts recognised are transferred to the consolidated statement of profit and loss on disposal of the related foreign subsidiaries.

22 Borrowings

(a) Non-current borrowings

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Secured		
Term loan from banks (refer details below)	1,564.65	756.55
Vehicle loan (refer details below)		
- From banks	1.99	5.00
Loan payable to Inter Company	1.72	2.00
Total	1,568.36	763.55
Less: Current maturities of long-term borrowings (included in current borrowings)	(830.58)	(54.77)
Total	737.78	708.78

(b) Current borrowings

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Secured		
Cash Credit (Refer details below)	938.24	1,342.54
Current maturities of long-term borrowings	830.58	54.77
Bank overdrafts	556.38	-
Vehicle Loan	0.73	-
Unsecured		
From related parties (Refer note 39 and details below)	3.57	-
Total	2,329.50	1,397.31



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplora-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

Nature of security	Terms of repayment and interest
<p>a) Revolving facility and Term loan from ICICI Bank Canada, balance outstanding amounting to INR 622.78 million (31 march 2024 - INR 396.86 million) and INR 496.06 million (31 march 2024 - INR 208.35 million) respectively is secured by (i) Corporate Guarantors Fusion CX Limited (Formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplora-Tech Services Private Limited), Fusion BPO Canada Ltd., and Ready Call Center Limited (ii) Personal Guarantors Pankaj Dhanuka and Kishore Saraogi.</p> <p>The Credit Facilities would be secured by:</p> <p>(i) First priority and Exclusive charge on entire cash flows, receivables (excluding AT&T receivables discounted by Citibank), book debts and revenue of the Borrowers and all of their current & future subsidiaries of whatsoever nature and whenever arising, including both present and future;</p> <p>(ii) First priority and exclusive charge over all the fixed assets (immovable and movable) and current assets (including brands, patents, intangibles, investments in group companies) of Borrowers and all of their current & future subsidiaries (both present and future);</p> <p>(iii) Guarantees : (a) Corporate Guarantee from Parent and Fusion Canada, irrevocable and unconditional in respect of all obligations of the Borrowers & (b) Personal Guarantee of Promoters.</p> <p>(iv) Pledge over the entire fully paid up equity shares of each Borrower and any of their current & future subsidiaries; Share pledges to be executed by Fusion Canada (over shares of Ameridial) and by Ameridial (over shares of ACG).</p>	<p>The Revolving Facilities shall mature on the first anniversary of the Date on which all specified conditions set forth in the Facility Documents are met to the satisfaction of the Lender.</p> <p>The Term Loan Facility shall mature on the fifth anniversary of the Date on which all specified conditions set forth in the Facility Documents are met to the satisfaction of the Lender. The term loan will be repaid in 20 quarterly equal instalments.</p> <p>The aggregate of 3 months SOFR and the Applicable Margin (each as defined herein), payable in respect of the credit facilities on the date which is the last business day of each calendar quarter after the first draw down under the Facility (each such period an "Interest Period"); provided however, that the final Interest Period shall end on the Revolving & Term Loan Maturity Date. Applicable Margin for Revolver Facility and Term Loan 1 is 3.70%p.a. and 3.90%p.a. respectively.</p> <p>SOFR means, with respect to any Banking Day, a rate per annum equal to the secured overnight financing rate for such Banking Day published by the SOFR Administrator on the SOFR Administrator's Website on the immediately succeeding Banking Day.</p> <p>The Loans will bear interest based on SOFR</p> <p>In the event of any Events of Default, the Facility shall bear interest at 2% above the otherwise applicable rate. All such interest shall be due on demand.</p>
<p>b) Revolving Line of Credit (RLOC) from Hillcrest Bank, a division of NBH Bank, balance outstanding amounting to INR 149.01 million (31 march 2024 - INR 87.67 million) is secured by way of a valid, perfected, first priority security interest in Accounts Receivable and a pledge of 100% of equity interest of Borrowers</p>	<p>RLOC will mature 2 years from the Closing Date and fund the RLOC will be interest only payments due monthly with principal due at maturity.</p> <p>Interest rate to be floating rate adjusted quarterly at 1-month term SOFR + 3.25%.</p>
<p>c) Term loan from Hillcrest Bank, a division of NBH Bank, balance outstanding amounting to INR 74.84 million (31 march 2024 - INR 97.93 million) is secured by way of (i) A valid, perfected, first priority security interest in all of the Borrower's assets now owned and hereafter acquired tangible and intangible assets, including, but not limited to: accounts receivable ("accounts"), inventory, machinery and equipment, fixtures, contract rights, documents, instruments and general intangibles (including but not limited; to logos & trademarks) and (ii) A pledge of 100% of the equity interest of Borrowers</p>	<p>Term Loan will mature 5 years from the Closing Date and funds under the term loan will be repayable on a 5-year effective amortization schedule.</p> <p>Interest rate to be floating rate adjusted quarterly at 1-month term SOFR + 3.25%.</p>
<p>d) Operating loan facility & Foreign exchange facility and BCAP facility loan taken from HSBC Bank, balance outstanding amounting to INR 407.38 million (31 march 2024 - INR 101.85 million) and INR 80.59 million (31 march 2024 - INR 182.53 million) respectively is secured by Guarantors (i) O'Curran, Inc., (ii) Fusion CX Private Limited (Formerly Xplora-Tech Services Private Limited), (iii) Pankaj Dhanuka and (iv) Kishore Saraogi.</p>	<p>Operating loan facility & Foreign exchange facility: All amounts advanced and outstanding under the Operating Loan Facility shall be repaid on demand by the Bank. Until demand, and subject to the provisions of the Facility Letter, the Borrower may make principal repayments on each Daily Simple SOFR Loan in any amount on a monthly basis and up to four additional times during each fiscal year, and not more frequently, in each case, together with all accrued and unpaid interest in respect of such amounts.</p> <p>The interest on the outstanding principal balance of all Loans and other credit advanced under the Operating Loan Facility shall, unless otherwise provided, be calculated and payable as per terms specified in sanction letter.</p> <p>All liabilities of the Bank under Foreign Exchange Contracts shall be paid by the Borrower on demand by the Bank and, unless and until otherwise demanded, such contracts shall be fulfilled by the Borrower as they fall due.</p> <p>BCAP facility loan: All amounts advanced and outstanding under the BCAP Facility (including principal, interest and applicable fees) shall be repaid in full on April 15, 2025, the day that precedes the 5th anniversary date of the Effective Date and demand for repayment by the Bank. Until such date, the Borrower shall make monthly principal repayments of CAD 42,230, together with monthly payments of accrued interest calculated at the applicable rate on the last day of each month, payable on the first Business Day of the following month.</p> <p>Interest on the outstanding principal balance of advances made under the BCAP Facility shall, unless otherwise provided, be calculated and payable at the Bank's Prime Rate plus 1.50% per annum, calculated monthly in arrears on the daily balance on the last day of each month and payable on the first Business Day of the following month.</p>
<p>e) This loan is taken from Lloyd Banks, balance outstanding amounting to INR 1.29 million (31 march 2024 - INR 2.27 million) and supported by Bounce Back Loan Scheme (BBLS).</p>	<p>Loan amount is of £ 50,000 repayable with 72 instalments with interest rate of 2.5%.</p>
<p>f) Loan from SBA, balance outstanding amounting to INR 13.43 million (31 march 2024 - INR 13.35 million) and Borrower hereby grants to SBA, the secured party hereunder, a continuing security interest in and to any and all "Collateral" as described herein to secure payment and performance of all debts, liabilities and obligations of Borrower to SBA hereunder without limitation, including but not limited to all interest, other fees and expenses (all hereinafter called "Obligations"). The Collateral includes the following property that Borrower now owns or shall acquire or create immediately upon the acquisition or creation thereof: all tangible and intangible personal property, including, but not limited to: (a) inventory, (b) equipment, (c) instruments, including promissory notes (d) chattel paper, including tangible chattel paper and electronic chattel paper, (e) documents, (f) letter of credit rights, (g) accounts, including health-care insurance receivables and credit card receivables, (h) deposit accounts, (i) commercial tort claims, (j) general intangibles, including payment intangibles and software and (k) as-extracted collateral as such terms may from time to time be defined in the Uniform Commercial Code. The security interest Borrower grants includes all accessions, attachments, accessories, parts, supplies and replacements for the Collateral, all products, proceeds and collections thereof and all records and data relating thereto.</p>	<p>Instalment payments, including principal and interest, of \$731.00 Monthly, will begin Twelve (12) months from the date of the promissory Note. The balance of principal and interest will be payable Thirty (30) years from the date of the promissory Note.</p> <p>Interest will accrue at the rate of 3.75% per annum and will accrue only on funds actually advanced from the date(s) of each advance, and payment terms are;</p> <p>(i) Each payment will be applied first to interest accrued to the date of receipt of each payment, and the balance, if any, will be applied to principal</p> <p>(ii) Each payment will be made when due even if at that time the full amount of the Loan has not yet been advanced or the authorized amount of the Loan has been reduced.</p>



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplora-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

Nature of security	Terms of repayment and interest
g) Loan from Allegiance Bank balance outstanding amounting to INR 16.17 million is secured by promissory note and guaranteed by SBA on both principle and interest.	Instalment payments, including principal and interest, of \$9,888.00 Monthly, will begin Twenty-four (24) months from the date of the Original Note. The balance of principal and interest will be payable Thirty (30) years from the date of the Original Note. Interest will accrue at the rate of 3.75% per annum and will accrue only on funds actually advanced from the date(s) of each advance and payment terms are: (i) Each payment will be applied first to interest accrued to the date of receipt of each payment, and the balance, if any, will be applied to principal. (ii) Each payment will be made when due even if at that time the full amount of the Loan has not yet been advanced or the authorized amount of the Loan has been reduced.
h) Vehicle (Auto) loan financed by the Security Bank balance amounting to INR 1.405 Million. (31 March 2024 - INR .84 million)	Loan for Legazpi Location is repaid in 48 monthly instalments of PHP 24,561 and the interest rate is 11.08% and for Silang Location is repaid in 48 monthly instalments of PHP 22,987 and the interest rate is 11.08%.
i) Auto loan from HDFC bank, balance outstanding amounting to INR 1.32 Million (31 March 2024: INR 2.01 Million) is secured by way of hypothecation of the vehicles purchased against the said loan.	Repayable in 60 equal monthly instalments of INR 29,363 to INR 40,813. Rate of interest is 7.95% p.a. to 8.85% p.a. as at year end. (31 March 2024: 7.95% p.a. to 8.85% p.a.)
j) Term loan taken from HDFC bank, balance outstanding amounting to INR 105.28 Million (31 March 2024: Foreign currency term loan INR 16.67 million, HDFC Emerging Enterprise Group Loan INR 46.93 million). The facility is secured with the following collaterals: a) Primary collateral: Trade receivables, fixed deposits and Plant & Machinery. b) Secondary collateral: Charge on the following properties: - Residential property situated at Block-VI, Flat-1B-2, Greenwood Park, Rajarhat, 24 Parganas [North], Kolkata-700107; - Residential property situated at Flat 304, Greenwood Park, Rajarhat, 24 Parganas [North], Kolkata-700107; - Residential property situated at Premises No.1050/1, Servey Park, Udita Towers, Kolkata-700107; - Residential property situated at Flat No. 604, Green Woods Premium, Kaikhal, Kolkata-700107; - Residential property situated at Office Complex of Paribahan Nagar Complex Police Station Siliguri West Bengal 734001; - Commercial property situated at Y9 Building, Floor - 1st to 7th, Kolkata - 700107; c) Guarantors: Window Technologies Private Limited, Rasish Consultants Private Limited and P N S Business Private Limited.	Repayable in 60 equal monthly instalments of INR 1.16 Million, INR 0.42 Million, INR 0.20 Million and 0.74 million respectively. Rate of interest is in the range of 8.70% p.a. to 9.52% p.a. (9.25% (Link with Repo rate of the date on limit set/loan booking will be applicable -spread 2.75%)). The sanctioned amount being INR 55.06 Million, INR 19.98 Million, INR 9.36 Million and INR 35.06 Million respectively out of which the amount availed as on 31st March 2025 are INR 54.67 Million, INR 19.85 Million, INR 9.30 Million and INR 35.06 Million respectively.
k) Cash credit facility taken from ICICI bank, balance outstanding amounting to INR 106.70 Million. (31 March 2024 - INR nil) The facility is secured with the following collaterals: a) Fixed Deposits b) Residential property situated at Flat 2D, Floor no. 2, Block no 1, Building "Nirmala Sharanam", Premises no. 99, Lake Town, Jessore Road, PS Lake Town, Municipality South Dum Dum, Jessore Road, District - North 24 Parganas, Kolkata - 700055. c) Residential property situated at Flat 42, Floor no. 4, Block No. 11, Premises no. 251/1, Nagendranath Road, PS Dum Dum, Municipality - South Dum Dum, District - North 24 Parganas, Kolkata - 700028. d) Commercial land situated at Premises NO. 24- 0706, Land of 1.016 acre, Plot No. Sv-5/10 And Plot No. Sv 5/11, Both Are Merged Into A Single Plot With A Plot No. Sv- 5/10a, AA-II Newtown, Bengal Silicon Valley Tech Hub, 700157, Kolkata, West Bengal, India.	As on date the Repo Rate is 5.50% and Spread is 3.00%. Repo Rate or Policy Repo Rate means the rate of interest published by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) on the RBI website from time to time as Repo Rate or Policy Repo Rate. The Repo Rate component of the Interest Rate shall be reset after every 3 months following the date of account opening /limit set-up /renewal (as applicable), as a sum of Repo Rate + "Spread", plus applicable statutory levy, if any. The sanctioned amount being INR 170.00 Million out of which the amount availed as on 31st March 2025 are 106.70 Million
l) Cash credit facility taken from HDFC bank, balance outstanding amounting to INR 666.26 Million. The facility is secured with the following collaterals: a) Primary collateral: Trade receivables, fixed deposits and Plant & Machinery. b) Secondary collateral: Charge on the following properties: - Residential property situated at Block-VI, Flat-1B-2, Greenwood Park, Rajarhat, 24 Parganas [North], Kolkata-700107; - Residential property situated at Flat 304, Greenwood Park, Rajarhat, 24 Parganas [North], Kolkata-700107; - Residential property situated at Premises No.1050/1, Servey Park, Udita Towers, Kolkata-700107; - Residential property situated at Flat No. 604, Green Woods Premium, Kaikhal, Kolkata-700107; - Residential property situated at Office Complex of Paribahan Nagar Complex Police Station Siliguri West Bengal 734001; - Commercial property situated at Y9 Building, Floor - 1st to 7th, Kolkata - 700107; c) Guarantors: Window Technologies Private Limited, Rasish Consultants Private Limited and P N S Business Private Limited.	The sanctioned limit of the said cash credit is INR 720 Million carried an interest rate of 9% p.a. (31st March 2024 :- INR 720 million carried an interest rate of 8.92% p.a - 9.94%). Out of sanction amount, the amount availed as on 31st March 2025 is INR 666.26 million (31st March 2024 :- INR 693.93 million).
m) Loan from Context Credit Holdings, LP balance outstanding amounting INR 168.48 Million with maturity on 17th March 2026	Interest rate for all obligations shall be: Level I : Fixed charge coverage ratio > 1.30: 1.00, base rate plus 1.00% Level II : Fixed charge coverage ratio < or = 1.30: 1.00 but > 1.00:1.00, base rate plus 2.00% Level III : Fixed charge coverage ratio < or = 1.00: 1.00, base rate plus 2.50%. The borrower shall reimburse lender for cost of field examinations and related travel, out of pocket expenses / other expenses. The borrower shall pay lender on a month basis collateral management fee of \$15500. Such fee shall be due and payable on first day of each month in arrears.

n) Related party loan

On 1 June 2023, the Holding Company has obtained loan from a related party amounting to INR 2 million, carrying interest rate of 8% p.a., repayable within 3 years from the date of availment.

o) During the current financial year ended 31st March 2025, the Holding company has completed the charge satisfaction process of two borrowings which was prepaid in earlier years and the charges have been duly removed from the records of the registrar of companies.

p) Details related to borrowings secured against current assets

The Holding Company has given current assets as security for borrowings obtained from banks. The Holding Company has duly submitted the required information with the banks on regular basis and the required reconciliation is presented below:

Name of bank	Quarter ended	Particulars of security provided	Amount as per books of account	Amount as reported in the quarterly return/ statement	Amount of difference	Reason for material discrepancies
HDFC Bank	31st March 2025	Trade receivables	1,217.43	1,183.33	34.10	Debtors statement was submitted based on unaudited financials
	31st December 2024	Trade receivables	1,114.24	1,152.85	(38.61)	
	30th September 2024	Trade receivables	1,044.97	1,095.34	(50.37)	
	30th June 2024	Trade receivables	1,043.19	1,080.45	(37.26)	
ICICI Bank	31st March 2025	Trade receivables	66.72	1,183.33	(1,116.61)	
	31st December 2024	Trade receivables	1,114.24	1,152.85	(38.61)	



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplora-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

23	Other Non Current Financial Liabilities		
	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	Contingent consideration (earn out liability)	63.44	135.54
	Total	63.44	135.54

24(a)	Provisions (Non-current)		
	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	Provision for employee benefits (Refer note 38)		
	- Gratuity	61.39	23.33
	- Compensated absences	16.04	10.86
	Total	77.43	34.19

24(b)	Provisions (Current)		
	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	Provision for employee benefits (Refer note 38)		
	- Gratuity	6.35	2.03
	- Compensated absences	4.01	3.36
	Total	10.36	5.39

25	Trade payables		
	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	258.49	66.74
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	662.25	460.69
	Total	920.74	535.43

	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
(i)	The amounts remaining unpaid to micro and small suppliers as at the end of the year:		
	- Principal	258.49	66.74
	- Interest	-	-
(ii)	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
(iii)	The amount of payments made to micro and small suppliers beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
(iv)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006.	-	-
(v)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
(vi)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise.	-	-

Trade Payables ageing schedule

As at 31 March 2025						
	Unbilled Dues	Current				
		Outstanding for following periods from date of Invoice				
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables						
- MSME	-	255.37	3.12	-	-	258.49
- Others	216.04	434.59	10.52	0.22	0.88	662.25
Disputed trade payables						
- MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	216.04	689.96	13.64	0.22	0.88	920.74

As at 31 March 2024						
	Unbilled Dues	Current				
		Outstanding for following periods from date of Invoice				
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables						
- MSME	-	66.74	-	-	-	66.74
- Others	151.59	258.36	18.64	17.42	15.08	461.29
Disputed trade payables						
- MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Others	-	5.00	-	2.40	-	7.40
Total	151.59	330.30	18.64	19.82	15.08	535.43

26	Other current financial liabilities		
	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	11.17	1.18
	Security deposits	39.50	29.73
	Dividend payable (Refer note below)	-	5.56
	Client's Fund held in Trust Account	-	5.84
	Capital creditors	11.57	0.95
	Contingent consideration (earn out liability)	485.96	212.09
	Payable to employees	660.56	340.04
	Total	1,208.76	595.39

Note:
There are no amounts due for payment to the Investor Education and Protection Fund under Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 as at the year end.

27	Other current liabilities		
	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	Statutory dues	170.53	324.55
	Advance from customers	3.10	69.67
	Other Payable	307.08	2.90
	Total	480.71	397.12

28	Current tax liability		
	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
	Provision for tax (net of advance tax)	143.47	94.80
	Total	143.47	94.80



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

29 Revenue from operations

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Sale of services		
Income from business process management services	13,292.96	9,913.15
Total	13,292.96	9,913.15

Notes:

- (i) There are no unsatisfied performance obligations resulting from Revenue from Contracts with Customers as at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.
(ii) Refer note 40 for additional revenue disclosures

30 Other income

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost:		
- Bank deposits	4.68	2.51
- loan to related parties (Refer note 39)	10.59	10.26
- Income tax refund	1.12	6.92
- Security deposit	8.08	4.43
- Lease Receivables	-	0.12
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	-	19.87
Dividend income (Refer note 39)	4.47	3.97
Liabilities/ provisions no longer required written back	170.69	170.85
Insurance Claim	-	27.95
Miscellaneous income	36.61	55.25
Total	236.24	302.13

31 Employee benefits expense

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Salaries, wages and bonus	8,422.10	6,645.22
Managerial remuneration (Refer note 39)	9.21	-
Contribution to provident fund and other funds (Refer note 38)	233.29	116.96
Staff welfare expenses	55.68	50.10
Employee share-based compensation expense (Refer note 45)	30.28	9.59
Total	8,750.56	6,821.87

32 Finance cost

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Interest expense at amortised cost on:		
- Term loan	245.66	128.74
- Lease liabilities (Refer note 5(b))	81.57	49.66
- Loan from related party (Refer note 39)	1.00	0.17
- Others	58.71	10.99
Total	386.94	189.56

33 Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (Refer note 4)	278.82	181.24
Amortisation on intangible assets (Refer note 7)	192.18	86.93
Depreciation on right-of-use asset (Refer note 5(a))	353.84	221.60
Total	824.84	489.77

(This space has been intentionally left blank)



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

34 Other expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Sales and marketing expense	150.93	54.31
Rent expense	279.01	230.54
Outsourcing expenses	310.52	261.01
Bank charges	52.01	46.01
Electricity and water charges	107.12	42.75
Rates and taxes	43.97	23.04
Recruitment and training expenses	55.77	46.57
Repairs and maintenance:		
- plant and equipment	48.30	10.38
Printing and stationary charges	43.28	49.08
Insurance	137.60	106.67
Telephone and internet charges	383.51	557.04
Legal and professional fees	322.32	306.00
Membership and subscription expenses	122.23	41.46
Office and admin expenses	65.59	64.60
Security and housekeeping charges	52.36	47.51
Payments to auditors	7.00	10.00
Provision for credit allowances (Refer Note 14)	13.57	8.86
Bad debts written off	33.37	67.31
Freight and carriage	5.55	0.43
Donation	0.01	0.25
Travelling and conveyance	213.44	167.12
Earnout Expenses	38.90	-
Other receivables written off	2.69	6.67
Loss on sale of fixed assets	3.37	-
Provision for Security Deposits	15.64	-
Director Sitting Fees	1.64	-
Loss on foreign exchange (net)	14.41	25.45
Corporate social responsibility expenditure (Refer note 44)	2.15	1.80
Miscellaneous expenses	265.72	172.38
Total	2,791.98	2,347.24

(This space has been intentionally left blank)



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

35 Tax expense

(A) Income tax expense:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Current tax	79.28	66.79
Tax related to earlier years	14.39	-
Deferred tax	(74.63)	(62.55)
Income tax expense reported in the Statement of profit or loss	19.04	4.24

(B) Income tax expense charged to Other Comprehensive income (OCI)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability	(2.17)	3.07
Income tax charged to OCI	2.17	(3.07)

(C) Reconciliation of tax charge

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Profit before tax	774.88	366.84
Enacted income tax rate applicable to the Holding Company	25.168%	25.168%
Current tax expenses/(Credit) on profit/(loss) before tax at the enacted income tax rate	195.02	92.33
Tax related to earlier years	14.39	-
Impact due to deductions claimed under Income-tax Act	(55.33)	(34.98)
Tax impact of expenses not deductible	8.49	2.04
Tax impact on remeasurement of net defined benefit liability	2.17	-
Impact of Foreign Subsidiaries	(138.50)	(66.97)
Other Adjustments	(7.20)	11.82
Income tax expense	19.04	4.24

On 20 September 2019, vide the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019, the Government of India inserted Section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act, 1961 which provides domestic companies a non-reversible option to pay corporate tax at reduced rates effective 01 April 2019 subject to certain conditions. The Group has elected to exercise the option permitted under section 115BAA in the earlier years. Accordingly, the Group has recognised the provision for income tax basis the rate prescribed in said section. The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expense is based on the domestic effective tax rate of 25.168%.

(D) Deferred tax balances:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Deferred Tax Asset/Liability		
Property, plant and equipment	6.10	1.49
Temporary differences of taxable items	278.24	140.20
Customer Relationship	(200.97)	(0.43)
Deferred Tax Assets (net)	83.37	141.26
Disclosed in Balance Sheet as Deferred Tax Asset (net)	165.66	141.26
Disclosed in Balance Sheet as Deferred Tax Liability (net)	(82.29)	-

Movement in deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities from 01 April 2024 to 31 March 2025:

Particulars	As at 1st April, 2024	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Impact of Acquisition	Impact of FCTR	As at 31st March, 2025
Deferred Tax Liabilities/Assets						
Property, plant and equipment	1.49	7.59	-	-	-	6.10
Temporary differences of taxable items	140.20	62.21	2.17	65.26	8.40	278.24
Customer Relationship	(0.43)	4.83	-	(205.37)	-	(200.97)
Deferred tax Assets (Liability)	141.26	74.63	2.17	(140.11)	8.40	83.37

Movement in deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities from 01 April 2023 to 31 March 2024:

Particulars	As at 1st April, 2023	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Impact of Acquisition	Impact of FCTR	As at 31st March, 2024
Deferred Tax Liabilities/Assets						
Property, plant and equipment	3.14	(1.65)	-	-	-	1.49
Temporary differences of taxable items	78.36	63.98	(3.07)	-	0.93	140.20
Customer Relationship	(0.57)	0.22	-	(0.08)	-	(0.43)
Deferred tax Assets (Liability)	80.93	62.55	(3.07)	(0.08)	0.93	141.26



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

36 Earning per share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) attributable to the equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders	755.84	362.60
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding - Basic	126,012,400	126,012,400
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding - Diluted	126,294,693	126,124,063
Earnings per share (INR) - Basic (Face value INR 1 per share)	6.00	2.88
Earnings per share (INR) - Diluted (Face value INR 1 per share)	5.98	2.88

37 Contingent liabilities and commitments

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)		
claims not acknowledged as debt	22.26	41.69
Disputed dues:		
- Income tax demand	34.89	34.89
- Goods and service tax demand	26.24	33.14
- Employees' State Insurance Corporation (pending under Civil Court, Gurgaon, related to period 04/2003 to 01/2006)	0.15	-

Note :- In the previous financial year, the Group has disclosed a contingent liability pursuant to the judgement of the Honourable Supreme Court dated 28th February, 2019 regarding the inclusion of certain allowances within the definition of 'basic wages' under the Employees Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952, for the purpose of provident fund contribution. Owing to interpretational uncertainties regarding the applicability and the specific nature of allowances covered, the resultant liability, if any, was not ascertainable at that time.

As at 31st March 2025, the Group has assessed the matter and determined that no present obligation exists requiring disclosure as a contingent liability.

Commitments:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Bank guarantees (Refer note (a) below)	286.50	175.92
Corporate guarantee:		
Corporate Financial Guarantees - On account of corporate guarantee to the bankers on behalf of subsidiaries for facilities availed by them (amount outstanding at close of the year).	1,567.84	1,542.57
Capital commitments:		
Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:		
Property, plant and equipment	28.35	20.31
Less: Capital advances and CWIP	(12.20)	(5.58)
Net Capital commitments	16.15	14.73

Notes:

- (a) The Group has utilised Non-fund based facility while executing the contract.

38 Employee benefits

(A) Defined contribution plans

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Group has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Group recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service.

During the year, the Company has recognized the following amounts in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Employers' contribution to Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance Scheme	131.17	116.96
	131.17	116.96

(B) Defined benefit plans

I. Gratuity:

The Group provides Gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. All employees are entitled to gratuity benefits on exit from service due to retirement, resignation or death. There is a vesting period of 5 years on exits due to retirement or resignation. This defined benefit plans expose the Group to actuarial risks, such as longevity risk, interest rate risk and market (investment) risk. The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the relevant current service cost are measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each Balance sheet date. This is an unfunded plan.



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

I. Gratuity (cont'd)

i) Amount recognised in Balance Sheet

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	67.74	25.36
Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
Net (asset) / liability recognized in Balance Sheet	67.74	25.36
Current liability	6.35	2.03
Non-current liability	61.39	23.33
Total	67.74	25.36

ii) Changes in the present value of benefit obligation

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year	25.36	35.56
On account of business combination	34.35	1.02
Included in profit or loss		
Interest cost	4.13	2.33
Current service cost	15.42	10.05
Past service cost	-	0.15
	19.55	12.53
Included in Other Comprehensive Income		
Actuarial (gain)/ loss - Financial Assumptions	1.49	0.20
Actuarial (gain)/ loss - Experience	6.93	(12.57)
FCTR	(0.01)	(0.03)
	8.41	(12.40)
Other		
Benefit payments directly by the Company	(19.93)	(11.35)
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	67.74	25.36

iii) Reconciliation of balance sheet amount

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Opening net (asset)/liability	25.36	35.56
On account of business combination	34.35	1.02
Expense/(income) recognised in profit and loss	19.55	12.53
Expense/(income) recognised in other comprehensive income	8.41	(12.40)
Benefit payments directly by the Company	(19.93)	(11.35)
Balance sheet (Asset)/Liability at the end of year	67.74	25.36

iv) Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Current service cost	15.42	10.05
Net Interest cost	4.13	2.33
Past service cost	-	0.15
- Interest expense on DBO	-	0.15
Total expenses recognized in the statement of profit and loss	19.55	12.53

v) Expense recognized in other comprehensive income

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from:		
- Experience	6.93	(12.57)
- Assumptions changes	1.49	0.20
-FCTR	(0.01)	(0.02)
Net actuarial (gains) / losses recognised in OCI	8.41	(12.39)



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

I. Gratuity (cont'd)

- vi) Principal assumptions used for the purpose of the actuarial valuation (Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited))

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Mortality	100% of IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	100% of IALM (2012-14) Ultimate
Discount Rate	6.61%	7.17%
Salary increase rate	5.00%	5.00%
Withdrawal Rate		
Age 20-30	30.00%	30.00%
Age 31- 35	15.00%	15.00%
Age 36- 60	10.00%	10.00%
Average attained age	29 years	26 years
Retirement age	60 years	60 years

Principal assumptions used for the purpose of the actuarial valuation (Omind Technologies Private Limited)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Mortality	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate
Discount Rate	6.70%	7.18%
Salary increase rate	5.00%	5.00%
Withdrawal Rate	10.00%	10.00%
Average attained age	31 years	31 years
Retirement age	60 years	60 years

Principal assumptions used for the purpose of the actuarial valuation (Sequential Technology International (India) Private Limited)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024*
Mortality	100% of IALM (2012-14)	-
Discount Rate	7.04%	-
Salary increase rate	4.00%	-
Withdrawal Rate	10.00%	-
Average attained age	34 years	-
Retirement age	58 years	-

* On 16th January 2025, the step-down Subsidiary Company Ameridial Inc. acquired 100% stake in Sequential Technology International LLC and hence in the previous year comparative is not disclosed.

vii) Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting year, while holding all other assumptions constant. The changes would have affected the defined benefit obligation as below:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
Change in Discount rate		
Delta effect + 1%	39.01	23.63
Delta effect - 1%	-6.3% to -7.96%	-6.41% to -11.91%
Delta effect + 1%	44.59	24.37
Delta effect - 1%	7.13% to 9.14%	7.24% to 14.31%
Change in rate of salary increase		
Delta effect + 1%	44.49	27.33
Delta effect - 1%	6.88% to 9.21%	7.25% to 14.78%
Delta effect + 1%	39.02	23.58
Delta effect - 1%	-6.26% to -8.15%	-5.18% to -13.11%

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the Defined Benefit Obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

viii) Maturity profile of benefit payments

Year	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31st March 2024
1 Year	3.51	2.03
2 to 5 years	18.79	10.78
6 to 10 years	17.84	13.60
More than 10 years	30.40	38.93

The weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation is 13 years (31 March 2024: 13 years).

Gratuity is a defined benefit plan and entity is exposed to the following risks:

- Interest rate risk:** The plan exposes the Group to the risk of fall in interest rates. A fall in interest rates will result in an increase in the ultimate cost of providing the above benefit and will thus result in an increase in the value of the liability.
- Salary Risk:** The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.
- Liquidity Risk:** This is the risk that the Group is not able to meet the short-term gratuity payouts. This may arise due to non-availability of enough cash / cash equivalent to meet the liabilities or holding of illiquid assets not being sold in time.
- Demographic Risk:** The Group has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Group is exposed to the risk of actual experience turning out to be worse compared to the assumption.
- Regulatory Risk:** Gratuity benefit is paid in accordance with the requirements of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972(as amended from time to time). There is a risk of change in regulations requiring higher gratuity payouts (e.g. Increase in the maximum limit on gratuity of INR 20 lakhs).

II. Compensated absences:

The provision for compensated absences (Privilege Leave) as at the year end 31 March 2025 is INR 15.86 Million (31 March 2024 INR 12.07 Million).
The provision for compensated absences (Sick leave) as at the year end 31 March 2025 is INR 4.19 Million (31 March 2024: INR 3.22 Million).



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

39 Related party disclosures

A. Details of related parties:

Description of relationship	Names of related parties
Holding Company	P N S Business Private Limited
Subsidiaries	O'Curran Inc., USA Fusion BPO Services Limited, Canada
Step-down Subsidiary	<u>Subsidiaries of O'Curran Inc., USA</u> Fusion BPO Services Limited S.A. DE C.V. Fusion BPO Services Phils. Inc. Fusion BPO Invest Inc. Fusion BPO Services S.A.S (Colombia) Fusion BPO, S.de R.L.de C.V. (Mexico) Boomsourcing Inc., USA Teleserve Asia Solution Inc (Philippines) Vital Recovery Services LLC (dissolved (w.e.f November 2024) Fusion BPO Services Ltd. (Jamaica) Fusion BPO Services Ltd. (UK) Omind Technologies, Inc. (Acquired on 31st December 2023) <u>Subsidiaries of Omind Technologies, Inc.</u> Omind Technologies Private Limited Omind Technologies Philippines Inc. <u>Subsidiaries of Fusion BPO Services Limited, Canada</u> 3611507 Canada Inc. Ameridial Inc. Fusion BPO Services SHPK (Albania) Fusion BPO Services SHPK (Kosovo) Fusion BPO Services, Morocco <u>Subsidiaries of Fusion BPO Services Philippines Inc.</u> Fusion BPO Services Co. Ltd. (Thailand) <u>Subsidiaries of Fusion BPO Services, Morocco</u> Phoneo SARL Mondial Phone SARL Parolis SARL Parolis SAS Paro Services Maroc SARL Parolis Maroc Services SARL <u>Subsidiaries of Ameridial Inc.</u> Ready Call Centre Limited (Acquired on 27 March 2024) S4 Communications, LLC (Acquired on 31st December 2024) Sequential Technologies International LLC, USA (Acquired on 16 January 2025) <u>Subsidiaries of Sequential Technologies International LLC, USA</u> Sequential Technologies International (India) Private Limited , India Sequential Tech EL Salvador, S.A. DE C. V. , EL-Salvador Sequential Technologies Philippines Private Limited Inc, Philippines
Key Management Personnel (KMPs)	Mr. Pankaj Dhanuka (Chairman & Managing Director) Mr. Kishore Saraogi (Managing Director) Mrs. Oindrila Banerjee Das (Director) (Until 26 March 2025) Mr. Amit Soni (CFO) (Date of Appointment 01 December 2024) Mr. Barun Singh (Company Secretary and Chief compliance Officer) (Date of Appointment 26 April 2024)
Entities over which KMPs/ directors and/ or their relatives are able to exercise significant influence	Rasish Consultants Private Limited Window Technologies Private Limited Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited GSTP (HFS) Private Limited, India Artha Strategies Limited (formerly Known as 515 Oakland NC Ltd.) SSR Services Inc. PKR Services Inc.
Relative of KMPs	Mrs. Chandrakanta Dhanuka (Mother of Mr. Pankaj Dhanuka) Mrs. Rajani Saraogi (Wife of Mr. Kishore Saraogi)



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

B. Details of related party transactions during the year:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Interest expense - Lease Liability		
Window Technologies Private Limited	3.40	3.98
Interest Income - Security Deposit		
Window Technologies Private Limited	3.83	3.47
Rent expense		
Window Technologies Private Limited	15.22	9.36
515 Oakland NC Ltd.	20.91	2.34
Housekeeping Expenses		
Window Technologies Private Limited	1.77	1.71
Electricity Expenses		
Window Technologies Private Limited	12.16	12.16
Property Tax		
515 Oakland NC Ltd.	1.03	-
Office Supplies & Maintenance		
Window Technologies Private Limited	1.36	-
Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited	0.50	-
Professional Services		
GSTP(HFS) Private Limited, India	6.53	55.32
Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited	4.82	31.67
SSR Services Inc.	-	66.72
PKR Services Inc.	-	0.42
P N S Business Private Limited	0.89	-
Interest Income		
Window Technologies Private Limited	4.47	3.97
Dividend income		
Window Technologies Private Limited	0.06	0.06
Sale of property, plant and equipment		
Omind Technologies Private Limited	-	72.65
Reimbursement of expenses		
Window Technologies Private Limited	10.21	15.27
Outsourcing expenses		
Window Technologies Private Limited	16.84	33.30
Subscription cost		
Omind Technologies Private Limited	-	82.54
Omind Technologies Inc LLC	-	69.35
Bill Back of expenses		
Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited	0.67	-
Miscellaneous Expenses		
Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited	0.67	-



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

39 Related party disclosures (cont'd)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Interest income on loans given		
Window Technologies Private Limited	10.04	9.80
Omind Technologies Private Limited	-	0.41
Rasish Consultants Private Limited	0.11	0.06
GSTP(HFS) Private Limited, India	0.01	-
Loans given		
Rasish Consultants Private Limited	-	2.30
Window Technologies Private Limited	20.00	-
GSTP(HFS) Private Limited, India	5.00	-
Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited	-	7.47
PKR Services Inc	214.61	-
SSR Services Inc	72.70	-
Loan Repayment received		
Window Technologies Private Limited	26.70	-
Rasish Consultants Private Limited	1.00	-
GSTP(HFS) Private Limited, India	5.00	-
Borrowing		
Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited	17.50	2.00
Borrowing Repayment Made		
Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited	17.50	-
Interest on borrowing		
Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited	0.17	0.17
Dividend paid		
P N S Business Private Limited	12.86	6.43
Rasish Consultants Private Limited	12.16	6.08
Remuneration paid to KMP's		
Mr. Pankaj Dhanuka	57.47	16.67
Mr. Kishore Saraogi	53.73	29.78
Mrs. Oindrila Banerjee Das	3.82	-
Mr. Amit Soni	2.03	-
Mr. Barun Singh	2.94	-

C. Balances Outstanding as at the end of the year:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Trade receivable		
Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited	0.05	-
Other current financial assets		
Omind Technologies Private Limited	-	71.46
Window Technologies Private Limited	10.22	-
P N S Business Private Limited	12.26	-
Rasish Consultants Private Limited	12.26	-



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

39 Related party disclosures (cont'd)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Right-of-use assets		
Window Technologies Private Limited	46.02	57.64
Lease Liability		
Window Technologies Private Limited	30.74	36.70
Loans granted (including interest receivable)		
Window Technologies Private Limited	133.65	131.31
GSTP (HFS) Private Limited, India	0.01	-
PKR Services Inc	232.05	17.00
SSR Services Inc	72.70	-
Rasish Consultants Private Limited	1.45	2.35
Investment in preference shares		
Window Technologies Private Limited	39.36	34.95
Security deposits receivable		
Window Technologies Private Limited	40.21	36.38
Dividend payable		
Rasish Consultants Private Limited	-	5.47
Trade payables		
GSTP (HFS) Private Limited, India	0.22	0.22
PKR Services Inc.	-	0.43
SSR Services Inc.	-	1.66
Window Technologies Private Limited	10.51	1.60
Advance to supplier		
Window Technologies Private Limited	2.21	-
515 Oakland NC Ltd.	1.67	0.93
Borrowing		
Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited	2.31	2.00
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		
Global Seamless Tubes and Pipes Private Limited	-	0.17
Payable to KMPs		
Mr. Pankaj Dhanuka	43.00	0.54
Mr. Kishore Saraogi	42.73	0.25
Mrs. Oindrila Banerjee Das	0.33	0.14
Mr. Amit Soni	0.39	-
Mr. Barun Singh	0.42	-

Notes:

- All transactions with these related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevails in arm's length transactions and resulting outstanding receivables and payables including financial assets and financial liabilities balances are settled in cash. None of the balances are secured.
- Related parties have been identified by the Management and relied upon by the auditors.
- The remuneration to key managerial personnel does not include provision for gratuity and compensated absences, as they are determined for the Group as a whole.



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

40 Revenue as per Ind AS 115

Contract balances

a) The following table provides information about receivables, unbilled revenue and deferred revenue from contracts with customers:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Trade Receivables	3,321.99	2,540.36
Contract liabilities		
Advances from customers	3.10	69.67

b) Significant changes in the contract balances during the year are as follows:

Particulars	Contract liabilities	
	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Opening balance	69.67	92.71
Revenue recognised during the year	(69.67)	(92.71)
Advances received	3.10	69.67
At the end of the reporting period	3.10	69.67

c) Reconciliation of revenue recognised vis-à-vis contracted price

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Revenue as per contracted price	13,292.96	9,913.15
Adjustments made to contract price on account of :-		
Discount / Rebates	-	-
Revenue from operations	13,292.96	9,913.15

d) Revenue based on timing of recognition

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Revenue recognition at a point in time	13,292.96	9,913.15
Revenue recognition over period of time	-	-
Revenue from operations	13,292.96	9,913.15



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

41 Fair value measurements

(A) Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities:

The following table shows the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities which are classified as amortised cost. There are no other financial assets or financial liabilities classified under Fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL) and Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI).

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	Amortised Cost	Amortised Cost
Financial assets		
Non-current		
Loans	136.03	158.14
Other financial assets	213.09	133.22
Current		
Trade receivables	3,321.99	2,540.36
Cash and cash equivalents	386.12	201.05
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	69.30	29.96
Loans	344.76	14.70
Other financial assets	116.67	82.04
Financial liabilities		
Non-current		
Borrowings	737.78	708.78
Lease liabilities	750.23	750.17
Current		
Borrowings	2,329.50	1,397.31
Lease liabilities	350.53	314.63
Trade payables	920.74	535.44
Other financial liabilities	1,208.76	595.39

(B) Fair value hierarchy

The following is the hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Inputs used in determining fair value measurements are categorised into different levels based on how observable the inputs used in the valuation technique utilised are (the 'fair value hierarchy'):

- Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical items (unadjusted)
- Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs (i.e. not derived from market data).

Fair value of Financial Assets and Liabilities measured at amortized cost:

The fair value of other current financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other financial assets, trade payables and other financial liabilities approximate the carrying amounts because of the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

The amortized cost using effective interest rate (EIR) of non-current financial assets consisting of security deposits are not significantly different from the carrying amount.



42 Financial risk management

The Group's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Group's financial risk management policy is set by the Managing Board. These risks are categorised into Market risk, Credit risk and Liquidity risk.

(A) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables, payables and loans and borrowings.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Group's position with regards to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.

According to the Group, interest rate risk exposure is only for floating rate borrowings. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Non-current borrowings	737.78	708.78
Current borrowings (including current maturities of long-term debt)	2,329.50	1,397.31
Total Borrowings (excluding interest accrued but not due)	3,067.28	2,106.09
Borrowings not carrying variable rate of Interest	1,073.55	1,112.88
Borrowings carrying variable rate of Interest	1,993.73	993.21
% of Borrowings out of above bearing variable rate of interest	65%	47%

Interest rate sensitivity

A change of 100 bps in interest rates would have following Impact on profit before tax

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
100 bps increase would decrease the profit before tax by	(19.94)	(9.93)
100 bps decrease would increase the profit before tax by	19.94	9.93

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a different currency from the Group's functional currency).

Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure

Particulars	Currency	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
		Foreign Currency	Amount in INR	Foreign Currency	Amount in INR
Borrowings (including interest)	USD	-	-	0.20	16.67
Trade receivables	USD	7.08	605.74	6.80	566.68
Trade receivables	GBP	0.22	24.63	0.22	19.69
Trade receivables	EUR	0.27	25.22	0.24	24.78
Trade payables	USD	0.14	12.00	0.11	9.19
Trade payables	GBP	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	EUR	0.00	0.37	0.01	0.44

* Amount less than INR 10,000

Foreign Currency Risk Sensitivity

A change of 5% in Foreign currency would have following Impact on profit before tax

	2024-2025		2023-2024	
	5% increase	5% decrease	5% increase	5% decrease
USD	29.69	(29.69)	27.04	(27.04)
GBP	1.23	(1.23)	(1.24)	1.24
EUR	1.26	(1.26)	1.22	(1.22)
Increase / (decrease) in profit or loss	32.18	(32.18)	27.02	(27.02)

Price risk

The Holding Company's doesn't have exposure to equity securities price risk, as the Company is an unlisted company.



42 Financial risk management (cont'd)

(B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The group's maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the Balance Sheet at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 is the carrying amounts of financial assets as per Note 41. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Group assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

Impairment of financial assets

(i) Cash and cash equivalents and bank balances other than cash and Cash and cash equivalents ('Balances with banks'):

Credit risk from balances with banks is considered negligible, since the counterparty is a reputable bank with high quality external credit rating. Based on assessment carried by the Company, entire receivable under this category is classified as "Stage 1".

Impairment on balances with banks has been measured on the 12-month expected loss basis. The Group considers that its balances with banks have low credit risk based on the external credit ratings of the counterparties. The amount of provision for expected credit losses on balances with banks is negligible.

(ii) Amount receivable from related parties:

Amount receivable from related parties represents receivable within very short period. There is no history of loss and credit risk from amount receivable from related parties, hence considered negligible and no ECL is recognised.

Trade receivables :

The Group applies the Ind AS 109 simplified approach for measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance (ECL) for trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The Group's trade receivable are generally having credit period from 30 to 60 days and historically, majority of trade receivables are recovered subsequently.

The Group uses a provision matrix to measure the ECLs of trade receivables. The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. Based on evaluation carried out and to the best estimate of management, historical loss sufficiently covers expected loss as well as future contingencies and adjustment for forward looking factors are not considered significant, hence no adjustment for forward looking factors is carried.

Computation of Allowance for impairment losses:

ECL is computed based on the trade receivable as at reporting period by applying the bucket wise lifetime loss rate (PDs) determined for each reporting period.

Other financial assets:

Balances with banks are considered to have negligible risk or nil risk, as they are maintained with high rated banks / financial institutions as approved by the Board of directors. Other financial assets mainly includes deposit given. Based on assessment carried by the Group, entire receivable under this category is classified as "Stage 1". There is no history of loss and credit risk and the amount of provision for expected credit losses on other financial assets is negligible.

Ageing for Trade receivables under simplified approach

Undisputed- considered good

31 March 2025	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Gross carrying amount	681.13	2,255.44	46.84	603.77	3,587.18
Provision for expected credit losses	-	7.14	24.15	233.90	265.19
Carrying amount of Trade receivable (net of impairment)	681.13	2,248.30	22.69	369.87	3,321.99

31 March 2024	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Gross carrying amount	434.36	1,632.22	491.92	220.59	2,779.09
Provision for expected credit losses	-	23.31	94.30	121.10	238.71
Carrying amount of Trade receivable (net of impairment)	434.36	1,608.91	397.62	99.49	2,540.38



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

42 Financial risk management (cont'd)

(C) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Group manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

Maturities of financial liabilities:

The table below summarizes the undiscounted maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities on an undiscounted basis:

Particulars	Carrying value	Contractual cash flows			
		Total	Within 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
As at 31 March 2025					
Borrowings	3,067.28	3,067.28	2,329.50	737.78	-
Lease liabilities	1,100.76	1,352.41	443.49	891.45	17.47
Trade payables	920.74	920.74	920.74	-	-
Other financial liabilities	1,272.20	1,260.63	1,197.19	63.44	-
Total	6,360.98	6,601.06	4,890.92	1,692.67	17.47
As at 31 March 2024					
Borrowings	2,106.09	2,106.09	1,397.31	708.78	-
Lease liabilities	1,064.81	1,169.01	368.76	763.29	36.96
Trade payables	535.43	535.43	535.43	-	-
Other financial liabilities	730.92	718.58	583.04	135.54	-
Total	4,437.25	4,529.11	2,884.54	1,607.61	36.96



43 Capital management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the group's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value and to ensure the group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to:

- a) safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- b) provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the following ratio: Net debt divided by total equity.

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Net debt (Refer note (i) below)	3,723.79	2,941.06
Equity (Refer note (ii) below)	3,550.58	2,711.41
Net debt to equity	1.05	1.08

(i) Net Debt comprises of total borrowings (including interest accrued but not due) and lease liabilities reduced by Cash and cash equivalents and Other bank balances.

(ii) Equity comprises of equity share capital and other equity.

Dividend

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Equity shares (Face value of INR 1 each)		
(i) Equity shares		
Dividend paid during the year ended March 31, 2025 include an amount of INR 0.2 per equity share towards final dividend for the year ended March 31, 2024.	25.20	
Dividend paid during the year ended 31st March 2024 include an amount of INR 0.1 per equity share towards interim dividends (including special dividend) for the year ended March 31, 2024.		12.60
(ii) Dividends not recognised at the end of the reporting year		
The directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of March 31, 2025 of INR 0.2 per equity share (31 March 2024 - 0.2). This proposed dividend is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting.	25.20	25.20

Financial risk management objective and policies

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Group and provides additional information on the balance sheet. Details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 2.

44 Details of Corporate social responsibility (CSR) expenses:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
(i) Gross amount required to be spent by the Group during the year	2.15	1.54
(ii) Amount approved by the Board to be spent during the year	2.15	1.80
(iii) Amount spent during the year (in cash)		
- on construction/ acquisition of any asset	-	-
- on purpose other than above	2.15	1.80
(iv) Shortfall / (Excess) at the end of the year	-	(0.26)
(v) Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
(vi) Details of related party transactions	-	-
(vii) Unspent amount in relation to:		
- Ongoing project	-	-
- Other than ongoing project	-	-

Note- The Holding Company has not made any contribution to related parties towards CSR. The Holding Company has not incurred any CSR expenditure with related parties.

45 Employee stock option plan

Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited Employee Stock Option Plan 2023 ("ESOP 2023") was approved by the Board of Directors and the Shareholders of the Company on 19 May 2023 and 20 May 2023 respectively. The ESOP 2023 covers grant of Options to the specified employees of the Group covered under ESOP 2023.

This valuation report has been prepared as per Black Scholes model and which takes into consideration the key components like Historical Volatility, Exercise Price and Risk-free rate-of-return which in turn calculated as per the documents provided by the management of the Company like the ESOP Plan, fair value of shares derived based on the fair value of shares using acceptable pricing methodology, sample ESOP grant letters, etc

(A) Reconciliation of total outstanding share options

	For the year ended 31 March 2025		For the year ended 31 March 2024	
	No. of stock options	Weighted average exercise price	No. of stock options	Weighted average exercise price
Options Outstanding at the beginning of year	1,582,608	60.00	-	-
Options Granted during the year	3,645,500	62.00	1,582,608	60.00
Options Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Options Forfeited / Expired during the year	843,934	60.04	-	-
Options Outstanding at the end of year	4,384,174		1,582,608	



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
 Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
 (All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

45 Employee stock option plan (cont'd)

(B) Tranche wise terms of options	For the year 1st April 2024 to 31st March 2025		For the year 1st April 2023 to 31st March 2024			
Scheme	Tranche 1	Tranche 2	Tranche 1	Tranche 2	Tranche 3	Tranche 4
Grant date	12/15/2024	12/15/2024	01-Oct-23 01-Nov-23 01-Dec-23 01-Jan-24 05-Jan-24	01-Oct-23 01-Nov-23 01-Dec-23 01-Jan-24 05-Jan-24	01-Oct-23 01-Nov-23 01-Dec-23 01-Jan-24 05-Jan-24	01-Oct-23 01-Nov-23 01-Dec-23 01-Jan-24 05-Jan-24
Vesting period from grant date	12 months Within 5 years from vesting date	24 months Within 5 years from vesting date	12 months Within 5 years from vesting date	24 months Within 5 years from vesting date	36 months Within 5 years from vesting date	48 months Within 5 years from vesting date
Exercise date			395,652	395,652	395,652	395,652
Number of options granted	2,166,500	1,479,000	395,652	388,238	388,238	388,238
No of options vested			60.00	60.00	60.00	60.00
Exercise price	62.00	62.00	22.63	26.38	29.61	32.43
Fair Value of option as on the date of grant	18.80	23.87				

(C) The fair value of options is measured using Black-Scholes valuation model. The key inputs used in the measurement of the grant date fair valuation of equity settled plans are given		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Risk free interest rates	6.67% - 6.70%	6.96% - 7.18%
Expected life (in years)	5-9 years	9 years
Volatility	39.51%-36.97%	44.27%

Expected life of option is the period for which the Group expects the options to be alive. The minimum life of a stock option is the minimum period before which the options cannot be exercised, and the maximum life is the period after which the option cannot be exercised.

Historical Volatility is a measure of the amount by which a price has fluctuated or is expected to fluctuate during the period the measure volatility is used in the Black Scholes option - pricing model is the annualized standard deviation of the continuously compounded rate of the return of the stock over a period of time.

(D) Expense recognised in profit or loss from share based payment transaction

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Employee share based payment expense recognised in the Statement of profit and loss	30.28	9.59

46 Other regulatory information

(i) Fair valuation of investment property

The Group does not have any investment property.

(ii) Revaluation of property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets

The Group has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.

(iii) Loans or advances to specified persons

The Group has not given any loans or advances to specified persons both during the current or previous year.

(iv) Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Group for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder in the current year and previous year.

(v) Willful Defaulter

The Group has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority in the current year and previous year.

(vi) Relationship with struck off companies

The Group does not have any transactions or balance outstanding with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 in the current year and previous year.

(vii) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on Number of Layers) Rules, 2017 in the current year and previous year.

(viii) Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium in the current year and previous year:

The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.



46 Other regulatory information (cont'd)

(ix) Undisclosed income

The Group does not have any undisclosed income not recorded in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 in the current year or previous year.

(x) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

(xi) Utilisation of borrowings availed from banks and financial institutions

The borrowings obtained by the Group from banks and financial institutions have been applied for the purposes for which such borrowings were taken in the current year and previous year.

(xii) Details of Loan given, Investments made and Guarantee given covered under section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013

The Group has complied with the provisions of Sections 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees given in the current year or previous year. Refer note 39 for details.

47 The Group has appointed independent consultants for conducting a transfer pricing study for the year ended March 31, 2025 to determine whether the transactions with related parties were undertaken at "arms length basis". Adjustments, if any, arising from the transfer pricing study shall be accounted for, as and when the study is completed. The management confirms that all international transactions with related parties are undertaken at negotiated contracted prices on usual commercial terms. The transfer pricing report for the year ended March 31, 2024 has been obtained and there are no adverse comments requiring adjustments in the financial statements for the current year.

48 The Code on Social Security 2020 ('the Code') relating to employee benefits, during the employment and post-employment, has received Presidential assent on 28 September, 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. Further, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on 13 November, 2020. However, the effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and rules for quantifying the financial impact are also not yet issued.

The Group will assess the impact of the Code and will give appropriate impact in the financial statements in the year in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

49 Segment Information

Board of Directors has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") as defined by Ind AS 108, "Operating Segments". The CODM evaluates the Group's performance and reviews revenue and earnings before interest expense, taxes, depreciation and amortisation as the performance indicator. The Group operates in one segment only i.e. "Business process management services". The CODM evaluates performance of the Group as one single segment. Accordingly, segment information has not been separately disclosed. Geographical Segment has been presented below -

(i) Details of revenue based on geographical location of customers is as below:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
India	2,579.67	2,357.80
United States of America	8,485.66	5,033.78
Canada	1,528.66	663.22
Others	698.97	1,858.35
Total	13,292.96	9,913.15

(ii) Details of non-current assets (property, plant and equipment, capital work-in-progress, right-of-use assets, goodwill, intangibles and intangibles assets under development) based on geographical area is as below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
India	487.13	528.07
Rest of World	4,922.41	3,200.35
Total	5,409.54	3,728.42

50 Note on Audit Trail

Under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, Companies are required to comply with certain reporting obligations effective from 1 April 2023. The Holding Company is using Quick book, an ERP-based accounting software, for maintaining its books of accounts which does not have feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility for, except that the audit trail feature is available and enabled only at the application level, but is not enabled under data base level throughout the year.

51 Subsequent Events after the reporting date

On July 18, 2025, Angi Inc, incorporated in United States of America filed counterclaims against Fusion BPO Services Ltd, seeking damages amounting to USD 17 million equivalent to INR 1,445 million. Given the early stage of the proceedings and the inherent uncertainties associated with litigation, it is not currently possible to determine the likelihood or magnitude of any potential loss or gain arising from this matter.



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

52 Goodwill

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024
Cost as at beginning of the year	876.39	709.71
Additions related to acquisitions	771.67	144.93
Exchange differences on consolidation	8.56	21.75
Cost as at end of the year	1,656.62	876.39
Impairment as at beginning of the year	-	-
Charge for the year	-	-
Exchange differences on consolidation	-	-
Impairment as at end of the year	-	-
Net book value as at beginning of the year	876.39	709.71
Net book value as at end of the year	1,656.62	876.39

The Carrying value of Goodwill includes INR 480.72 Million (31 March 2024: INR 468.23 Million) that arose on the acquisition of Boomsourcing in financial year 2022-23 and has been tested in the current year against the recoverable amount of the Business Unit Boomsourcing cash generating unit (CGU) by the Group. The goodwill relates to expected synergies from combining Boomsourcing's activities with those of the Group and to assets, which could not be recognised as separately identifiable intangible assets. The goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if there are any indications that the goodwill may be impaired.

The outcome of the Group's goodwill impairment as at 31 March 2025 for CGU Boomsourcing resulted in no impairment of goodwill (31 March 2024: Nil).

The Carrying value of Goodwill includes INR 101.17 Million (31 March 2024: INR 105.22 Million) that arose on the acquisition of Finaccess BPO, Morocco in earlier years and has been tested in the current year against the recoverable amount of the Business Unit Finaccess cash generating unit (CGU) by the Group. The goodwill relates to expected synergies from combining Finaccess's activities with those of the Group and to assets, which could not be recognised as separately identifiable intangible assets. The goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if there are any indications that the goodwill may be impaired.

The outcome of the Group's goodwill impairment as at 31 March 2025 for CGU Finaccess resulted in no impairment of goodwill (31 March 2024: Nil).

The Carrying value of Goodwill includes INR 150.77 Million (31 March 2024: INR 146.92 Million) that arose on the acquisition of O'Curran Inc, USA in earlier years and has been tested in the current year against the recoverable amount of the Business Unit O'Curran cash generating unit (CGU) by the Group. The goodwill relates to expected synergies from combining O'Curran's activities with those of the Group and to assets, which could not be recognised as separately identifiable intangible assets. The goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if there are any indications that the goodwill may be impaired.

The outcome of the Group's goodwill impairment as at 31 March 2025 for CGU O'Curran resulted in no impairment of goodwill (31 March 2024: Nil).

The Carrying value of Goodwill includes INR 96.31 Million and INR 63.49 Million (31 March 2024: INR 94.16 Million and INR 61.86 Million) that arose on the acquisition of Omind Technologies Inc. and Ready Call Centre Limited, respectively, during the current year.

The Carrying value of Goodwill includes INR 178.35 Million and INR 585.81 Million (31 March 2024: Nil) that arose on the acquisition of S4 Communications LLC and Sequential Technology International LLC respectively, during the current year.

The Group has conducted sensitivity analysis including sensitivity in respect of discount rate on the impairment assessment of goodwill. The Group believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the key assumptions used in the model would cause the carrying value of goodwill to materially exceed its recoverable value.



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

Acquisition during the year

(A) Acquisition of Sequential Technology International LLC

(i) On 16th January 2025, the step-down Subsidiary Company Ameridial Inc. acquired 100% stake in Sequential Technology International LLC. Sequential Technology International LLC is a leading global business process outsourcing (BPO) company that provides a full range of front- to back-office outsourced solutions. The control of Sequential Technology International LLC has been transferred to the Holding Company on execution of share purchase agreement in the current period on 16th January 2025 and the acquisition has been accounted as per Ind AS 103. Consequently, the holding company has recognised Customer Relationships and Goodwill as per the provisional PPA valuation report received from the valuer;

(ii) The investment will enhance Group's presence in North America Market

(iii) Goodwill is attributable to the benefit of expected synergies, revenue growth and future market developments. These benefits are not recognised separately from goodwill because they do not meet the recognition criteria for identifiable intangible assets.

(iv) From the date of acquisition, Sequential Technology International LLC has contributed 594.91 INR Million to revenue from operations and 41.18 INR Million profit to profit before tax.

Had the acquisition been effected at 01 April 2024, the revenue of the Group would have been increase by 2965.48 INR Million and profit before tax to the Group would have been decrease by INR 249.74 Million respectively.

(v) Details of purchase consideration, the net assets acquired and goodwill are as follows:

Purchase consideration	Amount
Cash Paid	
Contingent consideration	
Total purchase consideration	-

(vi) The assets acquired and liabilities assumed has been accounted for at fair values as per Ind-AS 103 as follows -

No.	Particulars	Amount
A.	Consideration Transferred	-
	Total Consideration(A)	-
B.	Fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the Acquisition	
	Assets	
(i)	Property, plant and equipment	112.79
(ii)	Customer relationships	221.52
(iii)	Trade receivables	1,311.80
(iv)	Cash and cash equivalents	14.83
(v)	Other assets - current	232.11
(vi)	Deferred Tax Asset	65.76
	Total Assets Acquired (a)	1,958.81
	Liabilities	
(i)	Long term borrowing	368.54
(ii)	Trade payables	1,578.62
(iii)	Other current liabilities	549.33
(iv)	Deferred tax Liability on customer relationship	55.64
	Total Liabilities Acquired (b)	2,552.13
C.	Net assets recognised pursuant to the Scheme (a-b) (B)	(593.32)
D.	Goodwill	593.32

Goodwill represents excess of fair value of consideration given over identifiable net assets. The acquisition date fair value of accounting acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities are based on independent valuations obtained by the holding company.



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

Acquisition during the year

(B) Acquisition of S4 Communications LLC

- (i) On 31 December 2024, the step-down Subsidiary Company Ameridial Inc. acquired 100% stake in S4 Communications LLC. S4 Communications LLC is a leading global business process outsourcing (BPO) company that provides a full range of front- to back-office outsourced solutions. The control of S4 Communications LLC has been transferred to the Holding Company on execution of share purchase agreement in the current period on 31 December 2024 and the acquisition has been accounted as per Ind AS 103. Consequently, the holding company has recognised Customer Relationships and Goodwill as per the provisional PPA valuation report received from the valuer;
- (ii) The investment will enhance Group's presence in North America Market
- (iii) Goodwill is attributable to the benefit of expected synergies, revenue growth and future market developments. These benefits are not recognised separately from goodwill because they do not meet the recognition criteria for identifiable intangible assets.
- (iv) From the date of acquisition, S4 Communications LLC has contributed INR 324.5 Million to revenue from operations and INR 96.48 Million profit to profit before tax.
Had the acquisition been effected at 01 April 2024, the revenue of the Group would have been increase by INR 1676.58 Million and profit before tax to the Group would have been increase by INR 361.42 Million respectively.
- (v) Details of purchase consideration, the net assets acquired and goodwill are as follows:

Purchase consideration	Amount
Cash Paid	0.32
Contingent consideration	143.62
Total purchase consideration	143.94

- (vi) The assets acquired and liabilities assumed has been accounted for at fair values as per Ind-AS 103 as follows -

No.	Particulars	Amount
A.	Consideration Transferred	143.94
	Total Consideration(A)	143.94
B.	Fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the Acquisition	
	Assets	
(i)	Property, plant and equipment	20.27
(ii)	Customer relationships	629.92
(iii)	Trade receivables	6.62
(iv)	Cash and cash equivalents	41.43
(v)	Other assets - current	15.32
	Total Assets Acquired (a)	713.56
	Liabilities	
(i)	Long term borrowing	168.96
(ii)	Trade payables	353.41
(iii)	Other current liabilities	75.87
(iv)	Deferred tax Liability on customer relationship	149.73
	Total Liabilities Acquired (b)	747.97
C.	Net assets recognised pursuant to the Scheme (a-b) (B)	(34.41)
D.	Goodwill	178.35

Goodwill represents excess of fair value of consideration given over identifiable net assets. The acquisition date fair value of accounting acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities are based on independent valuations obtained by the holding company

- (vii) Significant estimate: Contingent consideration

As per agreement, additional consideration of INR 170.93 Million (undiscounted) shall be payable in cash as Earnout Payments on quarterly basis for 8 quarters beginning from Closing date, i.e., 31 December 2024. The 1st quarter payment is to be made on 30 April 2025. The basis of calculation is 1.5% of Onshore revenue and 5% of Offshore revenue.

The fair value of the contingent consideration of INR 143.62 Million was estimated by calculating the present value of the future cash flows. The estimates are based on a discount rate of 15.61% p.a.



53 Consolidated financial statements comprises the financial statements of Fusion CX Limited(Formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; Prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited), and its subsidiaries as listed below:

S.No	Name of Entity	Principal activities	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of ownership (%) as at 31 March 2025
(A)	Subsidiaries			
1	O'Curran Inc.	BPO / IT and ITes	USA	100%
2	Fusion BPO Services Limited	BPO / IT and ITes	Canada	100%
(B)	Step-down Subsidiaries			
1	Fusion BPO Services S.A. DE C.V	BPO / IT and ITes	El Salvador	100%
2	Fusion BPO Services Phill. Inc.	BPO / IT and ITes	Philippines	100%
3	Fusion BPO Invest Inc.	BPO / IT and ITes	USA	100%
4	Fusion BPO Services S.A.S (Colombia)	BPO / IT and ITes	Columbia	100%
5	Fusion BPO, S.de R.L.de C.V. (Mexico)	BPO / IT and ITes	Mexico	100%
6	Boomsourcing Inc., USA	BPO / IT and ITes	USA	100%
7	Teleserve Asia Solutions Inc.	BPO / IT and ITes	Philippines	100%
8	Vital Recovery Services LLC	BPO and Collection	USA	100%
9	Fusion BPO Services Ltd. (Jamaica)	BPO / IT and ITes	Jamaica	100%
10	Fusion BPO Services Ltd. (UK)	BPO / IT and ITes	UK	100%
11	Omind Technologies Inc.	BPO / IT and ITes	USA	100%
12	Omind Technologies Private Limited	IT and ITes and Software	India	100%
13	3611507 Canada Inc.	BPO / IT and ITes	Canada	100%
14	Ameridial Inc.	BPO / IT and ITes	USA	100%
15	Fusion BPO Services SH.P.K.	BPO / IT and ITes	Albania	100%
16	Fusion BPO Services Morocco (Formerly Finaccess BPO)	BPO / IT and ITes	Morocco	100%
17	Phoneo SARL	BPO / IT and ITes	Morocco	100%
18	Mondial Phone SARL	BPO / IT and Ites	Morocco	100%
19	Parolis SARL	BPO / IT and Ites	Morocco	100%
20	Parolis SAS	BPO / IT and Ites	France	100%
21	Paro Services Maroc SARL	BPO / IT and Ites	Morocco	100%
22	Parolis Maroc Services SARL	BPO / IT and Ites	Morocco	100%
23	Ready Call Centre Limited	BPO / IT and Ites	USA	100%
24	Omind Technologies Philippines Inc.	IT and ITes and Software	Philippines	100%
25	Fusion BPO Services Co. Limited	BPO / IT and Ites	Thailand	100%
26	Fusion BPO Services SH.P.K.	BPO / IT and ITes	Kosovo	100%
27	S4 Communications LLC (acquired on 31 December 2024)	BPO / IT and ITes	USA	100%
28	Sequential Technologies International LLC (acquired on 16 January 2025)	BPO / IT and ITes	USA	100%
29	Sequential Technology International (India) Private Limited. (acquired on 16 January 2025)	BPO / IT and ITes	India	100%
30	Sequential Tech EL Salvador S.A. D.E. C.V (acquired on 16 January 2025)	BPO / IT and ITes	El Salvador	100%
31	Sequential Technologies Philippines Private Limited, Inc (acquired on 16 January 2025)	BPO / IT and ITes	Philippines	100%



54 Additional information as required by General Instructions for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements.

As at and for the year ended March 2025

Name of the Group Entity	Net Assets		Share in Profit or Loss		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
	Amount	% of Consolidation	Amount	% of Consolidation	Amount	% of Consolidation	Amount	% of Consolidation
Holding Company								
Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; earlier Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)	836.86	23.57%	211.42	27.97%	-6.91	-8.81%	204.51	24.51%
Subsidiaries / Step down subsidiaries								
Ameridial, Inc.	475.36	13.39%	(47.14)	-6.24%	-	-	(47.14)	-5.65%
Boomsourcing LLC	(453.85)	-12.78%	16.32	2.16%	-	-	16.32	1.96%
Fusion BPO Services SH.P.K. (Albania)	(28.81)	-0.81%	16.12	2.13%	-	-	16.12	1.93%
Fusion BPO Services Limited (Canada)	166.59	4.69%	69.49	9.19%	-	-	69.49	8.33%
Fusion BPO Services S.A.S. (Colombia)	20.24	0.57%	6.31	0.83%	-	-	6.31	0.76%
Fusion BPO Services S.A. DE C.V (ELS)	180.29	5.08%	161.32	21.34%	-	-	161.32	19.34%
Fusion BPO Invest Inc.	671.34	18.91%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	-	(0.01)	0.00%
Fusion BPO Services Ltd.- Jamaica	311.60	8.78%	26.06	3.45%	-	-	26.06	3.12%
Fusion BPO Services SH.P.K. (Kosovo)	(0.15)	0.00%	(0.09)	-0.01%	-	-	(0.09)	-0.01%
Fusion BPO S. de R.L. de C.V. (Mexico)	(4.00)	-0.11%	(2.38)	-0.31%	-	-	(2.38)	-0.29%
Fusion BPO Services Morocco (formerly Finaccess BPO)	262.40	7.39%	2.06	0.27%	-	-	2.06	0.25%
Phoneo SARL	(60.85)	-1.71%	66.01	8.73%	-	-	66.01	7.91%
Parolis SARL	(41.83)	-1.18%	(5.77)	-0.76%	-	-	(5.77)	-0.69%
Paro Services Maroc SARL	(5.39)	-0.15%	(5.73)	-0.76%	-	-	(5.73)	-0.69%
Parolis Maroc Services SARL	(4.54)	-0.13%	1.63	0.22%	-	-	1.63	0.20%
Mondial Phone SARL	6.48	0.18%	0.63	0.08%	-	-	0.63	0.08%
Parolis SAS	(25.62)	-0.72%	8.22	1.09%	-	-	8.22	0.99%
Fusion BPO Services Phils. Inc	1,534.31	43.21%	142.18	18.81%	-	-	142.18	17.04%
Fusion BPO Services Co. Ltd (Thailand)	8.30	0.23%	2.48	0.33%	-	-	2.48	0.30%
Fusion BPO Services Ltd. (UK)	(9.95)	-0.28%	(3.75)	-0.50%	-	-	(3.75)	-0.45%
O'Curran Inc.	635.97	17.91%	(161.65)	-21.39%	-	-	(161.65)	-19.38%
Teleserv Asia Solutions Inc.	(4.94)	-0.14%	1.57	0.21%	-	-	1.57	0.19%
Omind Technologies Private Limited	(4.92)	-0.14%	(16.97)	-2.25%	0.67	0.85%	(16.30)	-1.95%
Omind Technologies Inc.	(194.50)	-5.48%	(75.09)	-9.93%	-	-	(75.09)	-9.00%
Omind Technologies Philippines Inc.	(0.51)	-0.01%	(0.50)	-0.07%	-	-	(0.50)	-0.06%
Vital Recovery Services LLC	-	0.00%	35.91	4.75%	-	-	35.91	4.30%
Ready Call Center Limited	453.08	12.76%	108.39	14.34%	-	-	108.39	12.99%
S4 Communications LLC	(417.14)	-11.75%	96.48	12.76%	-	-	96.48	11.57%
Sequential Technology International LLC (USA)	(1,220.49)	-34.37%	23.16	3.06%	-	-	23.16	2.78%
Sequential Technology International (India) Private Limited	557.00	15.69%	16.12	2.13%	-	-	16.12	1.93%
Sequential Tech EL Salvador S.A. D.E. C.V	(110.50)	-3.11%	(0.20)	-0.03%	-	-	(0.20)	-0.02%
Sequential Technologies Philippines Private Limited, Inc	106.80	3.01%	2.11	0.28%	-	-	2.11	0.25%
Total	3,638.63	102.48%	694.71	91.91%	(6.24)	-7.96%	688.47	82.53%
Consolidation Adjustments & Eliminations	(88.05)	-2.48%	61.13	8.09%	84.64	107.96%	145.77	17.47%
	3,550.58	100.00%	755.84	100.00%	78.40	100.00%	834.24	100.00%

As at and for the year ended March 2024

Name of the Group Entity	Net Assets		Share in Profit or Loss		Share in Others Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
	Amount	% of Consolidation	Amount	% of Consolidation	Amount	% of Consolidation	Amount	% of Consolidation
Holding Company								
Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; earlier Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)	627.43	23.14%	141.98	39.16%	8.75	22.49%	150.73	37.54%
Subsidiaries / Step down subsidiaries								
Ameridial, Inc.	509.88	18.80%	(101.01)	-27.86%	-	-	(101.01)	-25.16%
Boomsourcing LLC	(458.44)	-16.91%	60.18	16.60%	-	-	60.18	14.99%
Fusion BPO Services SH.P.K. (Albania)	(42.65)	-1.57%	(18.38)	-5.07%	-	-	(18.38)	-4.58%
Fusion BPO Services Limited (Canada)	110.48	4.07%	61.11	16.85%	-	-	61.11	15.22%
Fusion BPO Services S.A.S. (Colombia)	14.75	0.54%	(10.14)	-2.80%	-	-	(10.14)	-2.52%
Fusion BPO Services S.A. DE C.V (ELS)	133.11	4.91%	227.57	62.76%	-	-	227.57	56.68%
Fusion BPO Invest Inc.	654.17	24.13%	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%
Fusion BPO Services Ltd.- Jamaica	283.58	10.46%	6.97	1.92%	-	-	6.97	1.74%
Fusion BPO Services SH.P.K. (Kosovo)	(0.08)	0.00%	3.72	1.03%	-	-	3.72	0.93%
Fusion BPO S. de R.L. de C.V. (Mexico)	(2.50)	-0.09%	(2.09)	-0.58%	-	-	(2.09)	-0.52%
Fusion BPO Services Morocco (formerly Finaccess BPO)	263.67	9.72%	26.53	7.32%	-	-	26.53	6.61%
Phoneo SARL	(57.46)	-2.12%	(5.84)	-1.61%	-	-	(5.84)	-1.46%
Parolis SARL	(33.54)	-1.24%	3.62	1.00%	-	-	3.62	0.90%
Paro Services Maroc SARL	0.52	0.02%	(14.20)	-3.92%	-	-	(14.20)	-3.53%
Parolis Maroc Services SARL	(5.77)	-0.21%	2.90	0.80%	-	-	2.90	0.72%
Mondial Phone SARL	2.95	0.11%	12.32	3.40%	-	-	12.32	3.07%
Parolis SAS	(40.92)	-1.51%	(35.17)	-9.70%	-	-	(35.17)	-8.76%
Fusion BPO Services Phils. Inc	1,385.53	51.10%	257.04	70.89%	0.17	0.44%	257.21	64.06%
Fusion BPO Services Co. Ltd (Thailand)	5.20	0.19%	0.11	0.03%	-	-	0.11	0.03%
Fusion BPO Services Ltd. (UK)	(5.80)	-0.21%	(5.22)	-1.44%	-	-	(5.22)	-1.30%
O'Curran Inc.	779.23	28.74%	93.94	25.91%	-	-	93.94	23.40%
Teleserv Asia Solutions Inc.	(6.42)	-0.24%	(16.62)	-4.58%	-	-	(16.62)	-4.14%
Omind Technologies Private Limited	11.65	0.43%	(5.97)	-1.65%	0.40	1.03%	(5.57)	-1.39%
Omind Technologies Inc.	(115.39)	-4.26%	(10.22)	-2.82%	-	-	(10.22)	-2.55%
Vital Recovery Services LLC	(35.69)	-1.32%	(128.37)	-35.40%	-	-	(128.37)	-31.97%
Ready Call Center Limited	329.98	12.17%	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%
Total	4,307.47	158.86%	544.76	150.24%	9.32	23.95%	554.08	138.00%
Consolidation Adjustments & Eliminations	(1,596.06)	-58.86%	(182.16)	-50.24%	29.59	76.05%	(152.57)	-38.01%
	2,711.41	100.00%	362.60	100.00%	38.91	100.00%	401.51	100.00%



Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited; prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information of consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2025
(All amount are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

55 Figures of the previous year has been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever necessary. The impact of the same is not material to the users of consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

M S K C & Associates LLP (Formerly known as M S K C & Associates)

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number - 06/0985/AS/00168

Dipak Jaiswal

Partner

Membership No: 063682



Place: Kolkata

Date: 05 August 2025



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Fusion CX Limited (formerly Fusion CX Private Limited

prior to that Xplore-Tech Services Private Limited)

CIN No. : U72900WB2004PLC097921

Pankaj Dhanuka

Chairman and Managing Director ("CMD")

DIN: 00569195

Barun Singh

Company Secretary

Membership No: A32887

Place: Kolkata

Date: 05 August 2025

Kishore Sahaogi

Managing Director ("MD")

DIN: 00623022

Amit Soni

Chief Financial Officer